

You Can Afford To Lose
nearly anything on earth except
your eyes.
But that you must cherish as
you would your most precious
possession and it will repay you
for your care.
We can supply you with lenses
that will relieve and strengthen
your eyes.
N. LAZARUS
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIAN,
25, Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.

The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1846

June 1, 1920, Temperature 74

Rainfall: 0.58 inch.

Humidity 73

June 1, 191, Temperature 64

WHEN ACTING
DISINFECTANT
INSIST ON
JEYES
AND TAKE NO
SUBSTITUTE.
ALEX. POSS & CO.,
25, Des Voeux St. C.

No. 17,965.

二拜禮

號一月六年十二百九千一英

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JUNE 1, 1920.

日五十月四申庚九百九千一西

PRICE \$3.00 Per Month

BUSINESS NOTICES

MOSCATINE.

A few drops sprinkled on the hands
or any exposed part effectually
prevents the bites of Mosquitoes
and Sand Flies.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

The Hongkong Dispensary.

DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO.

(The European Garage).
CARS FOR HIRE IN HONGKONG AND KOWLOON
Agents in South China for:
Hudson, Essex, Dodge Brothers and Siddeley-
Armstrong Motor Cars, Denby Motor Trucks
and U. S. Tyres.

GARAGE AT
4 DES VOEUX ROAD.

TEL. 482

GARAGE AT
36 NATHAN RD. KOWLOON

THE BON TON.

LADIES' TAILORS AND OUTFITTERS.
CHINESE PONGEE, CREPE AND OTHER
SILK AND PIECE GOODS, OUR SPECIALTY.

Main Store and Showrooms - 37, Queen's Road Central.
Tailoring Department - 1, 3, & 5, Chin Lung Street.

Phone 928.

Cable "BONTON"

YEE SANG FAT CO.

JUST ARRIVED
RAIN COATS
Guaranteed Waterproof

FOR LADIES

Prices \$15.00 to \$25.00 each.

FOR GENTS

Prices \$ 7.50 to \$30.00 each.

FOR CHILDREN

Prices \$ 5.50 to \$20.00 each.

RUBBER OVER SHOES

Waterproof

For Ladies \$1.50 a pair.

For Gents \$2.50 a pair.

For Children \$1.75 a pair.

Also received a large assortment of
Ladies' & Gentlemen's Umbrellas.

YEE SANG FAT CO.

Corner of Queen's Road & D'Aguiar Street.

TAILORS

Diss Bro's

ALEXANDRA BUILDING, HONGKONG. TEL. No. 2842.

THE OPTICAL COMPANY

51, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
SPECTACLES, EYEGLASSES, LENSES, etc.
OPTOMETRIST IN CHARGE:—E. CHAN, OPT. D.
EYES TESTED FREE OF CHARGE.

DONNELLY & WHYTE.

WINE MERCHANTS.

TEL. No. 636.

TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

ANGLO-JAPANESE ALLIANCE.

AGGRESSION IN CHINA.

LONDON, May 29.
Continuing his Far Eastern articles in the Times Mr. Bland says that next to demoralization the Chinese Government will continue to exercise irresponsible authority by military parties. Tokyo is a most important and most dangerous factor in the Near Eastern situation to-day. Unless those invisible and irresponsible powers behind the Throne, which actually control Japan's foreign policy, can be replaced soon by an authoritative Cabinet Government there can be no real hope of satisfactory results from a renewal of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance. Japan stands at the cross roads. If she decides to follow her present path of aggression in China, then she must go forward alone, but if not she must give valid assurances that a declared policy of her Government will henceforth be binding upon her military, as well as her civil agents.

AMERICAN WIRELESS.

NAVAL STATIONS FOR PUBLIC USE.

WASHINGTON, May 31.
The House of Representatives has unanimously adopted and sent to Congress a resolution authorizing the Navy Department to continue for a period not exceeding two years, the operation of all wireless stations for use of the public. The Secretary for the Navy will fix the ordinary rates which will not be less than those of private companies and with special rates for press messages.

FRENCH SHIPPING.

LINERS FOR INDO-CHINA ROUTE.

PARIS, May 21.
The Minister of Marine has stated that six liners, each of sixteen thousand tons, and two liners each of four thousand tons for the Indo-China route are now being constructed or decided on.

STRIKES IN AMERICA.

New Bedford, May 31.
The strike of cotton employees has ended.
PASADENA, New Jersey, May 31.
Woolen workers have ordered a strike for June 3. They demand a fifty per cent. increase in wages and a forty-four hour week.

PHILADELPHIA, May 31.
All deep sea freighters are held up as the result of a strike of long-shoremen, who are demanding a minimum of a dollar an hour.

New York, May 31.
Owing to the strike of electrical workers employed on the Brooklyn Rapid Transit and the Brooklyn Elevated Railways they closed down this evening. Passengers decided to take the surface cars for home.

New York, May 31.
Mr. Gary, President of the Steel Corporation, addressing the Iron and Steel Institute, maintained that employers hitherto had been backward in proclaiming their rights and insisting on proper consideration of them. The so-called labour troubles were part of a general campaign to demoralize social and economic conditions.

BRISTOL, RHODE ISLAND, May 31.
Striking mill hands of the National India Rubber Company attacked the non-striking clerks, including women. Troops were called out and fired on the rioters wounding several.

New York, May 31.
Ten thousand fur workers have struck demanding a forty hour week.

NAVAL AVIATION.

WASHINGTON, May 31.
Congress has voted twenty million dollars for Naval Aviation.

THE RUMANIAN CROWN PRINCE.

RANGOON, May 27.
The Rumanian Crown Prince has arrived.

ROYAL GUESTS.

LONDON, May 28.
Vice Admiral the Prince of Jumbura, head of the Siamese Naval Mission, General the Prince of Kambsing Bejra, Commissioner-General of railways in Siam, and Princess Kambsing Bejra visited their Majesties and remained for luncheon.

THE PEACE TREATY.

WASHINGTON, May 29.
The Democratic Senator Glass has drafted a platform favouring prompt ratification of the Treaty of Versailles without reservations impairing its essential integrity. President Wilson has sent a letter to Mr. Glass endorsing the platform.

AN ELOPEMENT.

LONDON, May 28.
The New York Herald says Edith Gould, the eighteen year old daughter of George Gould, eloped with Carroll Wainwright, a member of a wealthy family. They were married in Maryland.

MEXICO.

TWO AMERICANS ARRESTED.

WASHINGTON, May 27.
Two Americans, Carr and Macdonald, have been arrested in Mexico, one near Jimenez and the other at Chihuahua. There are no details.
New York, May 31.
A message from Juarez says Delacorte's troops encountered Villa's rearguard. Villa escaped.

FAR EASTERN CABLE NEWS.

(BY COURTESY "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS.")

PROPOSED ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS IN MONGOLIA.

PEKING, May 30.
General Hsu Shu-chen, Chinese Ambassador at Urumchi, has drawn up an elaborate programme of civil and military administration for Mongolia, practically providing for the creation of a separate administration for that territory. The President approves of the scheme.

Part 1 regrets that the agricultural resources of Mongolia are not utilised, and suggests the employment of soldiers for this purpose.

Part 2 advocates extensive horse-breeding for agricultural and military uses.

Part 3 urges an educational programme.

Part 4 suggests that if adequate protection be given to the Mongolians the territory which fell under Russian influence will return to China.

Part 5 urges railway construction.

Part 6 advises a separate tariff for Mongolia.

Part 7 urges a combination of the old and new Criminal Codes.

AUSTRIAN TREATY APPROVED.

PEKING, May 30.
The Senate yesterday approved of the Peace Treaty with Austria with one dissentient.

RESIGNATION OF JAPANESE MINISTER DENIED.

PEKING, May 30.
Reports that Mr. Ohama, the Japanese Minister, is resigning are officially denied.

MOSLEM RELIEF FUND.

The following subscriptions have been received in aid of "Asia Minor Relief Fund" for distressed Moslem women and children:

Mr. H. M. H. Nemazee	\$500
Anonymous	100
Messrs. Currimbhoy & Co.	100
Messrs. Lau Chu Pak & Sons	50
Mr. Mohammad Din (Master Tailor)	25
Mr. N. Mohamedali	25
Mr. H. W.	15
Mr. T. H. King	10
Mr. D. Burlingham	10
Messrs. P. D. Gorla & Co.	10
Messrs. Tyeb & Co.	10
Messrs. Kayamalli & Co.	10
Messrs. Hossainali & Co.	10
His Honour Mr. Justice H. J. Gompertz	5
Mr. W. Murison	5
Mr. J. Kerr	5
Mr. J. Grant	5
Mr. H. W. Young	5
Mr. James J. Watt	5
Mr. H. G. Garrod	5
Mr. T. Cashman	5
Mr. P. O. Sullivan	5
Mr. S. J. Burchill	5
Mr. C. McNab Wilson, M.C.	5
Mr. R. Shannon	5
Mr. D. McDonald	5
Mr. J. Brennan	5
Mr. Gulab (Hakim)	5
Mr. Chan Liu Sam	5
Mr. Chan Kam	5
Mr. Wong Siu Woon	5
Mr. Hop Kee	5
Mr. Ho Fat Sing	5
Messrs. Ho Thong & Co.	5
Messrs. Mohideen & Co.	5
Mr. A. Dost	3
Mr. H. S. Laud	3
Mr. Tung Hing	3
Mr. Kwong Yuen Mau	2
Unknown	2
Mr. Rahim Bux	2
Mr. Abdullah	2
Mr. Ng Ping Wu	2
Mr. Kwong On Chong	2
Mr. Man Woo Hong	2
Mr. S. Tso?	2
Mr. Kishan Dass	1
Mr. Abdul Rahman	1
Total	\$1,012

Some lists have not yet been returned and the subscriptions contained in them will, therefore, be published later on.

The Committee of the Indian Muslim Society is very grateful to the subscribers, especially to Mr. H. M. H. Nemazee who has always proved himself to be generous and open handed in charitable cause.

NAWAB KHAN,
President,
Indian Muslim Society.

Two new Launches are being built by the "WALLA-WALLA" Co. Phone No. 5518.

BUSINESS NOTICES

J. T. SHAW

SPECIALIST IN HEADWEAR

SUN HATS

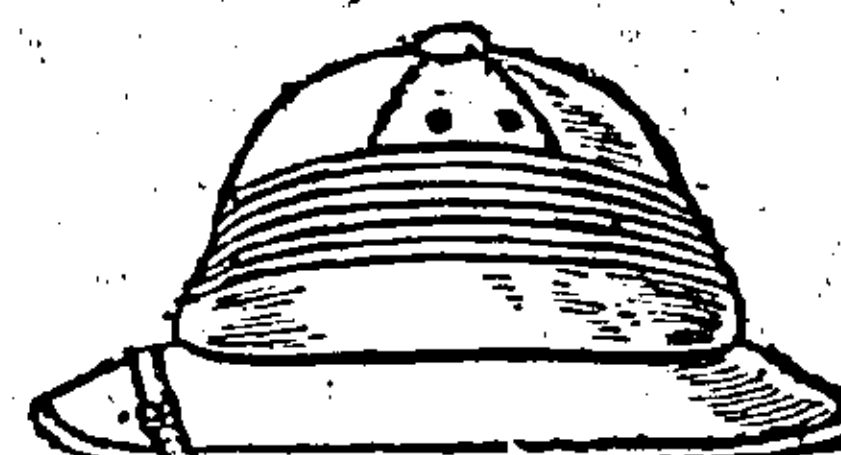
MADE BY

ELLWOOD, HAWKE AND TRESS.

PRICES

\$6.50

UP.



PRICES

\$6.50

UP.

GUARANTEED

RAINPROOF AND SUNPROOF

J. T. SHAW

TAILOR AND OUTFITTER

NEST DOOR HONGKONG HOTEL

J. ULLMANN & Co.

French Firm, Established 1869.

Quality, Variety, Perfection.

A WELL-KNOWN FACT.

CAMPBELL MOORE & Co., LTD.

ARE THE ONLY
EUROPEAN HAIR DRESSERS

IN THE COLONY.

SPECIAL LADIES' SALOON

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

ROYAL ENFIELD MOTORCYCLES

HAS ARRIVED.

TWO STROKE—24 HORSE POWER.

SEE OUR WINDOWS.

ALEX. ROSS & Co.

25, DES VOEUX ROAD, KOWLOON
TEL. 27 TEL. 27

CALDBECK'S

MANHATTAN
VERMOUTH
GIN

COCKTAIL

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LD.

15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

HANDLEY PAGE

MULTIPLE ENGINE BIPLANES

HANDLEY PAGE LTD.

Orickwood, London, N. W. 2

Sole Agents for China:

PEKING SYNDICATE LTD.

Sub-Agents for Hongkong and South China:

W. R. LOXLEY & CO.,

Hongkong

LAMMERT BROS.AUCTIONEERS, APPRAISERS
AND SURVEYORS.**Public Auctions—**

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on

WEDNESDAY, June 2, 1920,

commencing at 11 a.m.

at their Sales Rooms, Duddell Street,

3 Gold Bracelets,

3 Gold Necklaces,

3 Gold Scarf Pins,

1 Gold Watch & Chain with

sovereign,

1 Gold Wrist Watch,

1 Gold Ring,

1 Silver Belt.

On view from Tuesday, the 1st June.

Terms: Cash on delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,

Auctioneers,

Hongkong, May 31, 1920.

on

FRIDAY, June 4, 1920,

commencing at 11 a.m.

at their Sales Rooms, Duddell Street,

(For Account of the Concerned),

1 White Enamelled Pedestal Lavatory

with fittings,

1 Roll Printed Linoleum.

Also

A Quantity of Sundries.

Terms: Cash on delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,

Auctioneers,

Hongkong, May 31, 1920.

on

FRIDAY, June 4, 1920,

commencing at 11 a.m.

at their Sales Rooms, Duddell Street

A Quantity of.

Valuable Household Furniture,

Comprising:—

Very finely carved blackwood, tables

lady's desk, armchairs, flower stands &

stools, silk tapestry covered drawing

room upholstered chairs, Nipper carved

corner couch, invalid chair & table,

carpets, rugs, pictures, glassware, din-

ner crockery, brass fender & fire

brasses, very finely carved Cherrywood

dressing table, Japanese water colours,

brass flower pots, ornaments, marble

top washstands, etc., etc.

Also

1 Cottage Piano by S. Moutrie & Co.

Ltd.

1 Enamelled Bath,

2 Trade sewing machines,

1 Eggbeater Tyre Risha.

On view from Wednesday, the 2nd

June, 1920.

Catalogue will be issued.

Terms: Cash on delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,

Auctioneers,

Hongkong, May 28, 1920.

By Order of the Mortgagees

MESSRS. LAMMERT BROTHERS

have received instructions to sell

by Public Auction

on

WEDNESDAY,

the 9th day of June, 1920, at 3

o'clock in the afternoon, at their

Salesroom in Duddell Street, Victoria,

Hong Kong.

THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD**PROPERTY**

situate at Cheung Sha Wan in New

Kowloon and registered in the District

Land Office as THE REMAINING

PORTION OF LOT 916, THE REMAINING

PORTION OF LOT 918,

LOT 921 and SECTION A OF LOT

922, in Survey District No. 4.

IN ONE LOT.

The property is known as the "Kai

Garden" and comprises well laid out

flower and vegetable gardens and a

pavilion with residential quarters ad-

joining thereto, all artistically designed

in the Chinese style. Its area is about

21,000 sq. ft.

For further particulars and conditions

of sale, apply to

MESSRS. DEACON LOOKER

DEACON & HARTSON,

1, Des Voeux Road Central,

Vendor's Solicitors,

or to

Messrs. LAMMERT BROTHERS,

The Auctioneers,

Hongkong, May 22, 1920.

FOR SALE.

One Complete Set of 25 Volumes

ENCYCLOPEDIA BRITANNICA

(Never been used).

Apply

LAMMERT BROS.,

Auctioneers,

Hongkong, May 22, 1920.

A COMPLETE AERATED WATER**PLANT FOR SALE.**

The Machines are made by Messrs.

Bosby & Hinchliff, Ltd., Manchester,

and guaranteed in perfect

working order. This complete plant

will turn out 2,400 dozen Aerated

water per day.

KWONG SANG HONG LTD.,

P.O. Box 290, Hongkong.

INTIMATIONS.**WE HAVE**

Just received

A New Supply of

WAR and ARMISTICE**STAMPS.**

Many varieties and values of

NEW EUROPE

also

CATALOGUES and ALBUMS

for sale.

GRACA & CO.,

No. 10, Wyndham Street,

P.O. Box 620, Hongkong.

JAPANESE MAKERS.

Every kind of Footwear

MADE

TO

ORDER**CHEERY & CO.,**

2, KODOR STREET,

Opposite a Hongkong Hotel.

Telephone No. 421.

Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.**THERAPION No. 1****THERAPION No. 2****THERAPION No. 3**

No. 1 for Rheumatism, No. 2 for Blood &

No. 3 for Stomach & Bowels. These

Remedies are the result of the latest

scientific research and are guaranteed

to give relief in all cases. They are

entirely harmless and can be taken

at any time. Price 1/6 per bottle.

Sole Agents: THE CHINA MAIL.

Hongkong, May 22, 1920.

on

FRIDAY, June 4, 1920,

commencing at 11 a.m.

at their Sales Rooms, Duddell Street

A Quantity of.

Valuable Household Furniture,

Comprising:—

Very finely carved blackwood, tables

lady's desk, armchairs, flower stands &

stools, silk tapestry covered drawing

room upholstered chairs, Nipper carved

corner couch, invalid chair & table,

carpets, rugs, pictures, glassware, din-

ner crockery, brass fender & fire

brasses, very finely carved Cherrywood

dressing table, Japanese water colours,

brass flower pots, ornaments, marble

top washstands, etc., etc.

Also

1 Cottage Piano by S. Moutrie & Co.

Ltd.

1 Enamelled Bath,

2 Trade sewing machines,

1 Eggbeater Tyre Risha.

On view from Wednesday, the 2nd

June, 1920.

Catalogue will be issued.

Terms: Cash on delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,

Auctioneers,

Hongkong, May 28, 1920.

on

FRIDAY, June 4, 1920,

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Ltd.

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2 Trade sewing machines,

1 Eggbeater Tyre Risha.

On view from Wednesday, the 2nd

June, 1920.

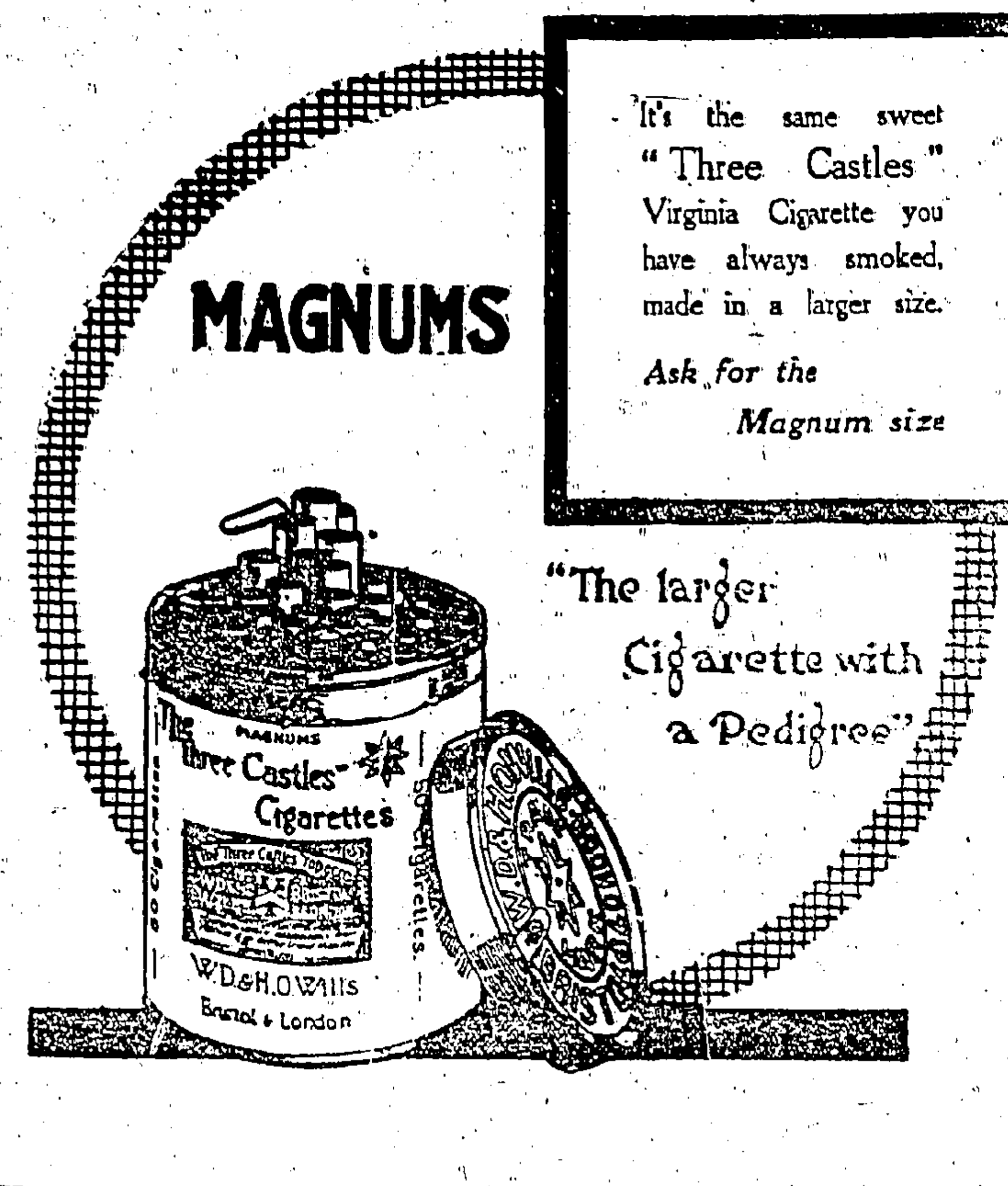
Catalogue will be issued.

Terms: Cash on delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,

Auctioneers,

Hongkong, May 28, 1920.

The "Three Castles" Virginia Cigarettes

This Advertisement is issued by British-American Tobacco Co., (China) Ltd.

MODERN PHOTOGRAPHY.**NOVELTIES AT LONDON FAIR.****LINEN CHEST AS ALBUM.**

Progress in modern photography was illustrated by many novel ideas at the Photographic Exhibition, at the Horticultural Hall, Vincent-square, London.

Aerial photography by the Ross lenses shows some remarkable results at exposures of 1-1000th of a second. A photograph taken from an aeroplane at a height of 1,000ft. over St. George's Channel shows three whales submerged.

There are also studies in X-ray and microscopic photography. A section of the tongue reminded one of the photographs of lunar craters and a spiritualistic effect was given by a bunch of flowers X-rayed, so that the veins alone were distinct and the petals were a shadow.

It is possible to have a photograph of one's special friend printed charmingly on the corner of a handkerchief in such a way that it will not wash off. Even boiling will have no deleterious effect on the portrait.

By the same process one can have family portraits on the back of the hairbrush, or the household match-box, or even on wooden trinket-boxes.

There seems to be no limit to the possibilities of this form of domestic decorations of many years of holiday-making by printing their touring pictures on almost any old thing in the house where the surface is suitable. The family album becomes obsolete; the linen chest can easily absorb its function.

Newly-wedded folk can add to the bliss of their venture by honeymoon pictures printed on bits of furniture. A useful idea would be for a set of wooden cigar cases to be made for forgetful husbands, on each of which could be printed those particular articles the wife so vainly impresses him to get without fail.

There could also be a specialty in mother-in-law dinner gongs, with the lady's portrait in the centre. They should be strongly made.

Quite different purposes are served by another process, which consists of taking photos on special plates that "screen" but certain colours in the spectrum. This enables extraordinarily clear and detailed effects to be produced. In the investigation of paintings, it would be of value to find out whether they are genuine. Sherlock Holmes would also find them essential in his scientific scrutiny.

Professional portraiture by 100 photographers is on exhibition, and one of the most striking productions is a coloured photograph of Castle Mews, taken by Sir Charles Forbes, on Christmas Day, 1913, when the ground was covered with snow. An interesting piece of professional work is a life-size coloured photograph of a piece of mummy wrapping, which is 4,000 years old, and was taken out of a tomb at Thebes.

All chemicals shown at the Fair by the way, are of British manufacture.

LONDON'S CHINATOWN.**REARING DOGS TO PROVIDE TASTY DISHES.**

The Chinese population of London is increasing. The Orientals have overflowed from Chinatown, and are taking houses in adjacent districts, while many of them have businesses or are employed in the West End. At one time their haunts were pretty well confined to Pennyfields, Limehouse Causeway and West India Dock Road, but nowadays their homes are to be found in Poplar High Street and in most of the adjacent roads. While many of the men are seamen who come and go, others have settled in this country, and have married English girls, as may be gathered from the number of half caste children to be seen.

It would be better if the Chinese population showed a tendency to decrease," said a gentleman engaged in social work in Chinatown to a *Daily News* representative. "We have had some little trouble up here with the English people who claim that the Chinese are competing with them for houses and offering high rents. They are prosperous, and they seem to have a social sense and a co-operative system of living. They undoubtedly do live with English girls, but I am told that they make affectionate husbands and devoted fathers."In Chinatown *The Daily News* representative was shown a soapstone Chinese idol, taken from a house in the East End, and was told of a place where dogs are bred in order to provide Chinese crews with tasty dishes.

Some of their restaurants are famous, and it is stated that West End parties often motor down to taste Chinese tea, which was said to be "perfection." The Chinatown newspaper is a written bill, stuck up on the street walls.

attracted considerable attention. This method of angularising the features and modulating its force or weakness on "Cubist" principles" might be made popular in high art circles, but it is scarcely likely to become a general treatment.

In many other ways this exhibition—the first since pre-war days—reveals the great artistic advances that photography has made in recent years. Included in amateur studies is a coloured photograph of Castle Mews, taken by Sir Charles Forbes, on Christmas Day, 1913, when the ground was covered with snow. An interesting piece of professional work is a life-size coloured photograph of a piece of mummy wrapping, which is 4,000 years old, and was taken out of a tomb at Thebes.

All chemicals shown at the Fair by the way, are of British manufacture.

RACE FOR DIAMONDS.**ASTONISHING SCENES IN SOUTH AFRICAN RUSH.**

The lust for easily won riches has never been more dramatically illustrated than at the great diamond rush at the Thalping diggings, in Bechuanaland, perhaps the biggest scramble South Africa has ever seen.

Scarcely before the formal proclamation that the ground was open for panning claims, crowds began to arrive, many hundreds in automobiles which, owing to heavy rain, became bogged for many hours in the rough veldt roads. Later arrivals dashed frantically to the scene to carry out futile and indiscriminate panning. Consequently the proclamation was delayed until the whole alluvial diggings area had been cleared.

The final scene was amazing. Probably 1000 people were marshalled behind a flag line starting point awaiting the word to go. A number of well-to-do people paid professional sprinters to do the running and panning for them.

The proclamation having been read, a pistol-shot loosed the frenzy, and a wild stampede for the panning area followed. Many women were in the rush. All control was lost by the crowd, excited by highly coloured stories that this was a veritable Eldorado.

One professional sprinter died as a result of falling and impaling himself on an iron peg and there was a considerable number of minor accidents. Heroic efforts have been made to feed the new settlement, and a threatened bread famine has been averted by the use of motor transport. The diggers are now settling down, as regards, at any rate, the great majority, to the inevitable process of disillusionment.

G. FALCONER & CO., LTD.**WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.****Hotel Mansions.**Agents for:—ADMIRALTY CHARTS,
ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,
RELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
BENSON'S ENGLISH WATCHES,
ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers,
High Class English Jewellery.**HEALTH against SICKNESS.**

By taking our "ROOSTER BRAND" MACARONI, PASTE STARS, EGGS, NOODLES, VERMICELLI, or other kinds of Soup Stuffs REGULARLY you will have no complaint of any kind of sickness, as all our Products being manufactured from flour of the Best Quality and under the most Sanitary Method can be easily digested and give you GOOD HEALTH & STRENGTH. Large quantities have been exported to various parts of the World. Your esteemed Orders will receive our prompt and careful attention. Terms moderate, especially for Agencies.

THE HING WAH PASTE MFG. CO. LTD.
HEAD OFFICE: Hongkong, Nos. 47 & 48, Connaught Road Central, Tel. No. 2330.
BRANCH OFFICE: Shanghai, Nos. 430 & 431, Nanking Road.
Factories: Hongkong, Wing Hing Street, Causeway Bay and Shanghai, No. 71, North Soochow Road.

JUST ARRIVED
Ladies' Trimmed and Untrimmed HATS for Summer
Latest Style.
Prices to suit all purses.
POHOOMULL BROS.
Telephone 2468. 34, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.**HOTELS AND CAFES.****THE HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.**OPERATING:—
THE HONGKONG HOTEL,
HOTEL MANSIONS,
THE REPULSE BAY HOTEL,
J. H. TAGGART,
MANAGER.**THE PEAK HOTEL.**1,500 Feet above Sea Level.
15 Minutes from Landing Stage.
Under the Management of—
Mrs. BLAIR.**KING EDWARD HOTEL**CENTRAL LOCATION
ALL ELECTRIC TRAMS Pass Entrance, Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting
European Baths and Sanitary Fittings, Hot and Cold Water System throughout. Best of Food and Service.
Telephone 373. Telegraphic Address:—"VICTORIA"
J. WITCHELL, Manager.**PALACE HOTEL**KOWLOON.
(Two minutes from Star Ferry).
Recently renovated and refurnished, electric light and fans throughout and entirely under new management. Cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietor. Bar and Billiard Rooms. Terms moderate. Special terms to families on application to
Telephone K. 3. Telegraphic Add:—"PALACE"
J. H. OXERBY, Proprietor.**CARLTON HOTEL.**

Hughes & Hough
AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT

General Auctioneers
Share, Coal and General
Produce Brokers and
Commission Agents.

PROPRIETORS
"To-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.

Odd and
Bentley's
A. & C. 4th & 5th Editions.
A 1 Telegraphic Code.

Telegraphic Address
"MERION" HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS

THE Underigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction (for account of the concerned),

SATURDAY,
June 5, 1920, at 10.30 a.m.,
at their Sales Rooms,
No. 4, Des Vaux Road, Corner
of Ice House Street.

INDIAN MOTOR CYCLE.
Light Weight
New Splitter Magneto. Complete
with Lamp, Horn, etc.
Good running order.
Terms—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, May 31, 1920.

EUROPEAN AGENCY.


WHOLESALE Indent promptly
executed at lowest cash prices
for all British and Continental goods,
including

Books and Stationery,
Boots, Shoes and Leather,
Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries,
China, Earthenware and Glassware,
Cups, Motor Cars and Accessories,
Drapery, Millinery and Piece Goods
Fancy Goods and Perfumery,
Hardware, Machinery and Metals,
Jewellery, Plate and Watches,
Photographic and Optical Goods,
Provisions and Groceries, etc., etc.

Commission 2 1/2% to 5%.
Trade Discounts allowed.
Special Quotations on Demand.
Samples Cases from £10 upwards.
Consignment of Produce Sold on Account.

WILLIAM WILSON & SONS
(Established 1814),
25, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C.
Cable Address: "ANNULTRA" LONDON.

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JAPANESE
BOOTS AND SHOES
MADE TO ORDER.
No. 25, Wyndham St.

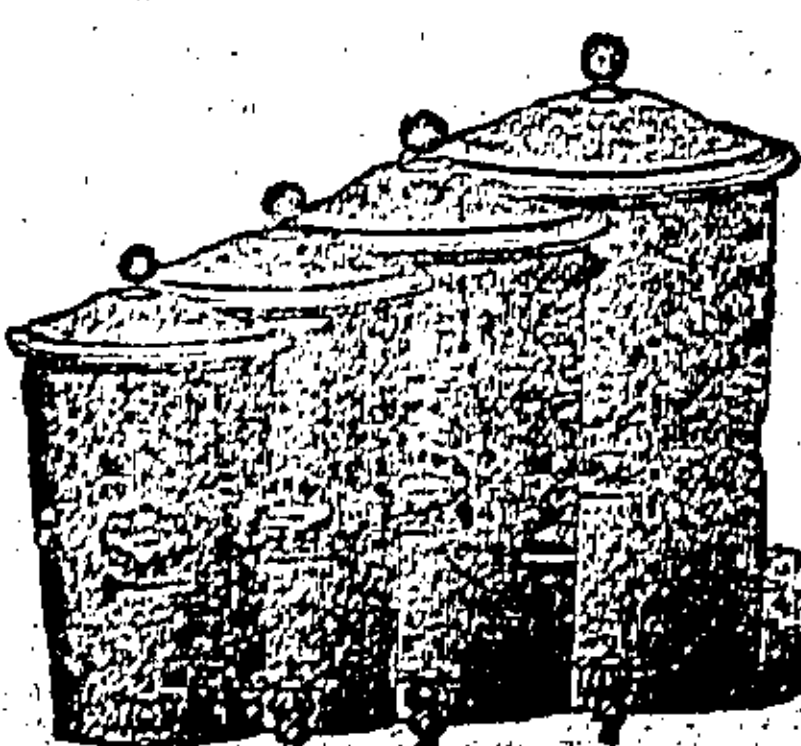


**HOW TO AVOID INFANTILE
AILMENTS.**
When there are diseases prevalent in
the season, it is the most dangerous to
infants and to Great Care must be
taken in feeding them with proper
food otherwise they would give their
Mothers a lot of trouble. To avoid
the trouble is to feed them with LAC-
TOGEN which resembles human milk.
It is easily digested and promotes
healthy appetite. It keeps the infants
thriving and free from all infantile
ailments.



SHIU FUNG TAI & CO.,
Sole Agents for Hongkong and South China.
No. 47 & 49, Cross Street, Central, Hongkong.
Telephone Nos. 1219 & 2220.

Just arrived
a large assortment of
FILTERS
1 1/2 Gallons up to 4 gallons



C.E. WARREN & CO., LTD.
No. 39 & 41 Des Vaux Road Central.
Established 1879

INTIMATIONS.

THE "STAR" FERRY CO., LTD.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
THE TWENTY-SECOND OR
DIARY ANNUAL MEETING OF
THIS COMPANY will be held at the
Office of Messrs. Jardine Matheson &
Co., Ltd., on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd
June, 1920, at NOON, for the purpose
of receiving the Report of the Directors
together with a Statement of Accounts
for the year ended 31st March, 1920.
The Register of Shares of the Company
will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY,
the 2nd May, 1920, to WEDNESDAY,
the 2nd June, 1920, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Court of Directors,
W. S. BROWN, Secretary.
Hongkong, May 21, 1920.

G. R.
IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OFFICE.

KING'S BIRTHDAY.

THIS Office will be opened for all
purposes from 9 A.M. to 12 Noon on
THURSDAY, the 3rd June, 1920.
Licensed Warehouses cannot be
opened on that day.

C. W. BECKWITH,
Superintendent,
Imports and Exports.
Hongkong, May 29, 1920.

BANK HOLIDAY.

IN accordance with Ordinance No. 3
of 1912, the EXCHANGE BANKS
will be CLOSED for the Transaction of
PUBLIC BUSINESS on THURSDAY,
the 3rd June, 1920.

Hongkong, May 29, 1920.

NEW LOAN OF 4 MILLIARDS
FRANCS
in
5% PREMIUM BONDS. CREDIT
NATIONAL.

The Bonds are of 500 Frs face value.
PRICE OF ISSUE 485 FRANCS
8 francs a year amounting to
20,000,000 Francs
with the following prices
1,000,000 Francs
500,000 "
200,000 "
100,000 "
50,000 "

The prices drawn will be free of any
taxes present or future. The Bonds
bear interest on and after the 15th of
June, 1920.

Applications will be received till the
4th of June, 1920, by
THE BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE,
where full particulars may be obtained.
L. BERINDOAGUE,
Manager.

Hongkong, May 27, 1920.

REPULSE BAY HOTEL.

TO-MORROW
WEDNESDAY, June 2nd.
TEA DANCING from 4 to 7 p.m.
DINNER DANCE from 8 p.m.

THURSDAY, June 3rd.
(KING'S BIRTHDAY)
ORCHESTRAL CONCERTS
during
TIFFIN and AFTERNOON.

FRIDAY, June 4th.
ORCHESTRAL CONCERTS
during
TIFFIN and AFTERNOON.

SATURDAY, June 5th.
TEA DANCING from 4 to 7 p.m.
DINNER DANCE from 8 p.m.

SUNDAY, June 6th.
ORCHESTRAL CONCERTS
during
TIFFIN and AFTERNOON.

**FLYING—THURSDAY, FRIDAY,
SATURDAY AND SUNDAY.**
Each Day Commencing at 2.30 p.m.

Tickets for flights and full particulars
may be obtained at the Hongkong
Hotel Main Office, or at Repulse Bay
Hotel.

INSURANCE: Personal - accident
insurance can be effected at the time of
Booking covering all risks whilst Flying
Rates including benefits from \$5.00
covering \$2,500, to \$50.—covering
\$25,000.

Intending passengers should bring
their own dust coats or Mackintoshes.
Caps and Goggles will be obtainable
at the Repulse Bay Hotel.

J. H. TAGGART,
Manager.

MUMEYA.

Japanese Photographers
All kinds of Photographic Work done
in latest styles also Passport Photos.

Developing and Printing for
Amateurs a Speciality.

No. 54, Queen's Road Central.
Tel. 254.

"WALLA-WALLAS" double-cross
the harbour but never double-
cross you. Phone No. 2618.

WANT ADVERTISEMENTS

35 WORDS 3 INSERTIONS, \$1. PREPAID.
Each additional word 4 Cents for 3 insertions.

WANTED.

WANTED.—An Experienced BOOK-
KEEPER capable of undertaking
expert business is open to engagement.
Apply Box 1201 c/o "China Mail."

WANTED.—By well-known Import-
ers, PIECE GOODS ASSIS-
TANT. Capable of taking charge of
department. Knowledge of local con-
ditions essential. Excellent prospects for
a suitable salary. Apply Box 1197,
"China Mail."

TO LET.

TO LET.—A SHOP in Nathan Road,
Kowloon.
Apply to Humphreys Estate & Finance
Co., Ltd., Alexandra Buildings

TO LET.—TWO OFFICES, ground
floor, corner of St. George's Build-
ing, facing Ferry. Apply—SHEWAN
TOMES & CO.

FOUND.

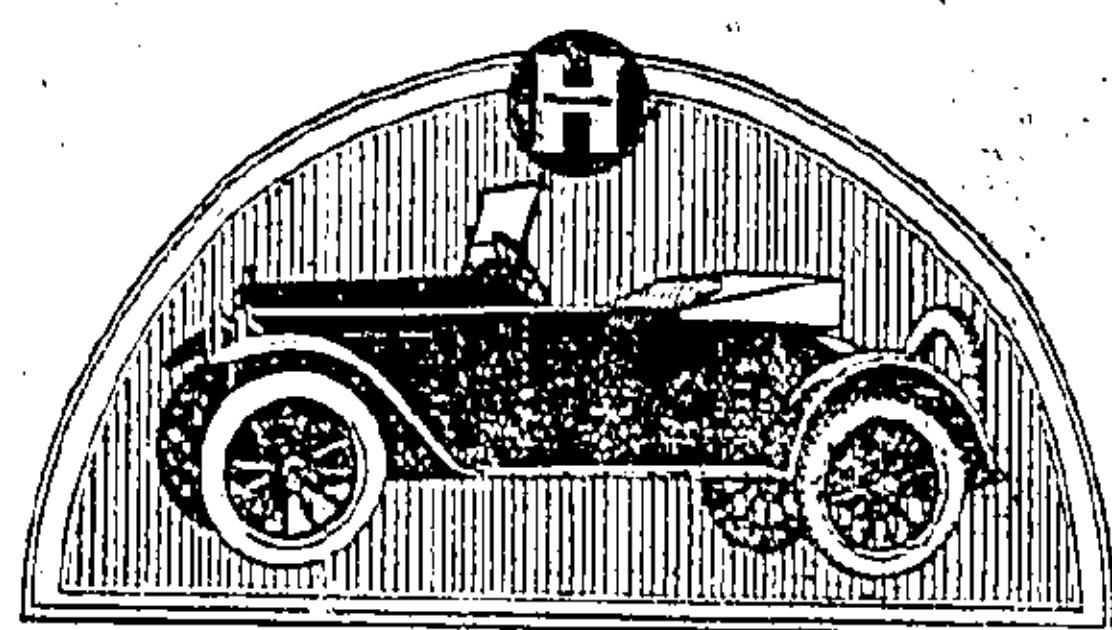
FOUND.—A PURSE in St. Joseph's
Church yesterday Morning. Same
can be had on application to Father
Augustini.

LOST.

LOST.—At the Peak, a small Black &
White JAPANESE POODLE.
Answers to the name of "TODDLES".
Finder will be Rewarded. Box No. 1200,
c/o "China Mail."

TO BE SOLD.

TO BE SOLD.—At once, The Alton
House Hotel as a going concern.
Apply 32, Queen's Road Central.



In building the Hupmobile, the Builders have
ever in mind the driver's point of view.
Hupmobile owners are proud of the appear-
ance, comfort, performance, sturdiness, and
economy of operation of their cars.

BRIEF SPECIFICATIONS.

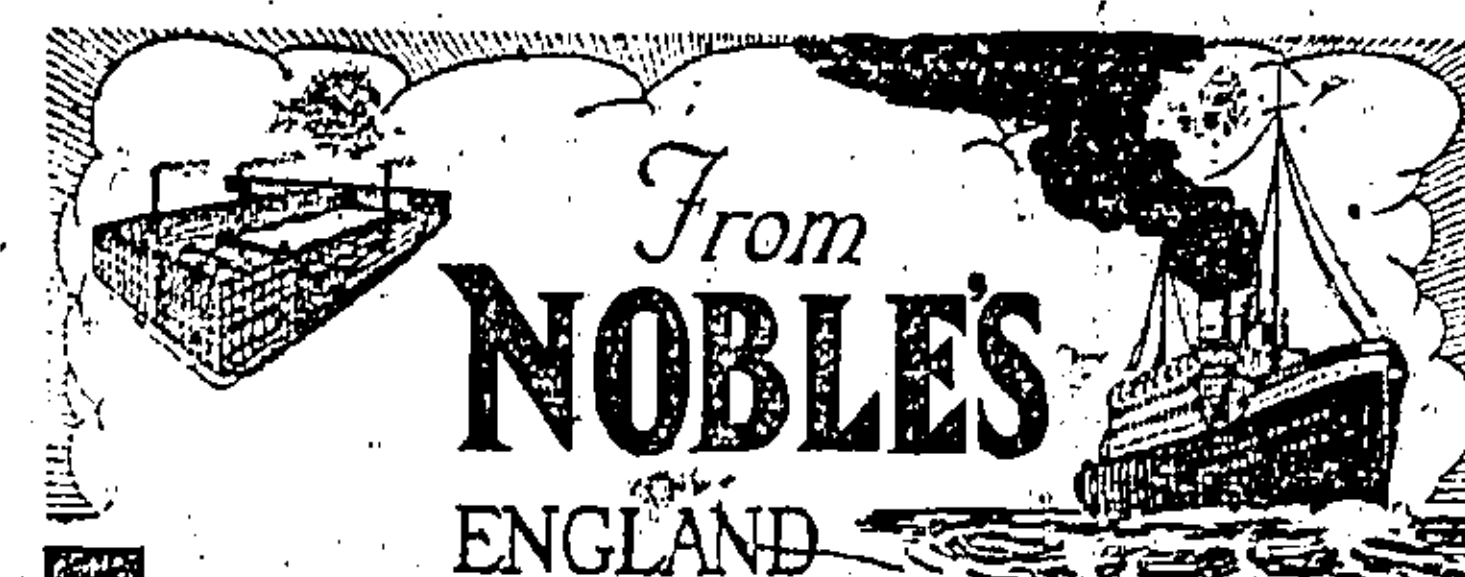
Body Types—Five-seater tour-
ing car, two-seater roadster.
Wheelbase—113 inches, (2.84 m).
Cylinders—Four, cast on bloc,
removable head 3 1/2" bore x
5 1/2" stroke, 83 x 140 mm.
Starting and Lighting—Electric
—two unit system.
Ignition—High tension magneto.
Carburettor—Adjustable.

Fuel System—Vacuum feed.
Lubrication—Pressure system
with pump.
Clutch—Dry disc type—7 plates.
Tyres—35 x 105 mm. clincher
or 3 1/2" straight side.
Removable rim.
Wheels—Wood's (Artillery
type).
Colour—Blue or gray body.

ALEX. ROSS & COMPANY,
HONGKONG, CHINA.

SHANGHAI GARAGE COMPANY,
SHANGHAI, CHINA.

Hupmobile



Direct from the
Factory to your Home.

Buy all your Dress Requirements and Household
Goods from the great British Mail-order House. You
will be delighted with the quality and workmanship
of the goods, the up-to-date and attractive styles, and
the low prices. You can be smartly dressed and yet be
economical if you purchase all you need from Noble's.

The New 68-page Catalogue.

Post Free from the "Hong Kong Daily Press," Hong Kong (this saves you
the time taken in writing to England in the first place). Send today
for this beautifully illustrated catalogue—you will find it full of interest
and value. It shows you how you can buy all Wearing Apparel for
men, women and children, and your Household Requirements at factory
prices, thus saving money on every purchase.

Some of the articles illustrated:

Tailor-Made Suits Underwear Made to Measure Suits
Frocks and Coat Frocks Baby Lingerie Overcoats, Waterproofs
Shirts and Undershirts School Outfits Bedding, Linens
Blouses, Millinery Hats, Caps, Footwear Carpets, Curtains
Coats, Sports Coats Ready-to-Wear Suits Napery, Cutlery

PATTERNS. John Noble, Ltd., will gladly send a splendid selection
of patterns Post Free on application to Manchester.
(In full) should wherever possible be sent
by Money Order, or by Bank Draft, payable
at sight on London or Manchester.

REMITTANCES. Bank Street, Mill, Manchester, England.

JOHN NOBLE LTD.

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DEALER IN
PORCELAIN and EARTHEN WARES
DINNER and TEA SERVICES
IN
CANTON GREEN and GOLD, NANKIN BLUE
VARIOUS KIND OF VASES, etc.
No. 39, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

THE FINEST SEA FRONT.

MARGATE'S BIG IMPROVE-
MENT SCHEME.

At a special meeting the Margate
Town Council have just settled the
preliminaries of an extensive town
planning scheme, which the Mayor
describes as "the finest and best
thing ever done for the borough."
The project means the extension of
the present magnificent sea prome-
nade from Palm Bay to the ut-
most eastern limits of the borough
boundary. Its completion will involve
the development of over 2,500 acres
of land, occupying fine sea frontages.
Besides the extension of the pro-
menade, which will mean the pur-
chase of over sixty acres of front
land, the Corporation have acquired
on favourable terms the Admiralty
Hydrophone Building and the
Semaphore Station. When this
part of the improvement scheme has
been completed visitors will be able
to traverse from Westbrook to
Kingsgate, a sea promenade only
occasionally interrupted of a length
approaching five miles.

On the shore side of the promenade
the Corporation will construct a new
road 50ft in width, the cost of
which will be equally shared by the
owners and the local authority, but
the development of this land has
been made contingent on the develop-
ment of adjacent land privately
owned. The terms made with the
owners are equitable, and the price
fixed is the moderate one of £250
per acre.

In carrying out this improvement
scheme, which will incidentally pro-
vide sites for the better class resi-
dences which are as greatly in demand,
the Corporation have been met in a
very generous spirit by Capt. Irving
Friend, M.C., on behalf of the owners,
and will secure valuable foreshore
rights. The acquisition of the ad-
ditional land will give to Margate
the finest sea front in the United
Kingdom. The Mayor said that the
improvement would be secured on
terms so favourable that its execution
would not cost the ratepayers a
single halfpenny, but the borough's
assets would be enormously increased
in the shape of additional rateable
value.

A VINDICTIVE VILLAGER.

WHOLESALE MURDER OF
GUESTS.

A savage ending to a village feud
is reported as having occurred at
Katagimura, Koshi, Japan, on the
night of May 11th. It appears that
Komatsu Shotaro, a farmer of the
village, has long been at daggers-
drawn with many of his fellow-
villagers on the question of the con-
struction of a local road. This
question, which had been pending
for some years, was finally settled at
a general meeting of the villagers
which was held a few days ago.
The basis of settlement was not
advantageous to Komatsu Shotaro,
but, realising that there was
no contending against odds he pre-
tended to sink all the differences so
far existing, and abide by the decision
without protest. On the night of the
11th instant, he invited his fellow-
villagers to his house and entertained
them at a feast on the pretext that
it was for the purpose of celebrating
the amicable settlement of the trouble.
At about 11 p.m., when some guests
began to leave, Shotaro slipped out
of the house, and arming himself with
a rifle and a Japanese sword, put the
house under lock and key on the out-
side. Posing himself at a window he
levelled a rifle at one of the villagers
and fired, killing him on the spot.
This sudden attack threw the gay
company into a great panic, and
there was a stampede for the door,
which was locked. The man fired
into the thick of them, and killed
three others. Three more who forced
the door open in an attempt to
escape he attacked with the sword,
and badly injured. Two others were
also injured. After perpetrating his
horrible crime, Shotaro went to the
graveyard of his family in the neigh-
bourhood, and shot himself.

**WHEN FEVERISH OR IN
PAIN.**

There is Prompt Help and
Comfort for Little Ones in
Baby's Own Tablets.

The health of babies and young chil-
dren is subject to rapid changes, and
careful mothers should not delay at the
first sign of feverishness with chills or
flushes. There is warning in a hot dry
skin, thirst, quick breathing and a plain-
tive cry; at such a time a prompt dose of
Baby's Own Tablets, the children's
friend, will often avert a serious illness.
Mrs. M. D. Matheson, of 45 Dufresne
Street, Montreal, says:—"My little boy,
5 years old, was threatened with fever.
I gave him Baby's Own Tablets at night
and in the morning he was better. I
shall always use Baby's Own Tablets for
my little ones, and I find they take
them without trouble."

Baby's Own Tablets, the Canadian
children's remedy, are guaranteed to be
equally helpful and harmless to the
youngest infant as to the child of 6 years
of years. They are recommended for
simple fever, colds, indigestion, consti-
pation, colic, diarrhoea, disturbed sleep,
eczema, teething troubles and worms.
Obtainable from druggists, also post
free at 60 cents the trial from Dr.
Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Beichuan
Road, Shanghai.

NOTICES.

THE MOTOR UNION INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
AND
THE UNITED BRITISH INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
FIRE, MARINE, LIFE and MOTOR ACCIDENT.
For Rates and Particulars apply to the General Agents
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SWATOW DRAWN THREAD WORK,
CANTON EMBROIDERY.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
S. K. TSAN & CO.,
54, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
P. O. Box 364. CABLE ADDRESS TSANG.

LONG HING & CO., PHOTO SUPPLIES.
Kodaks and Kodak Films, etc. etc.
DEVELOPING & PRINTING A SPECIALITY.
No. 17A, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

Tel. 1036. Tel. 1036.

GARAGE ACCOMMODATION
FOR PRIVATE CAR OWNERS.

THIS IS OUR NEW SPECIALITY.

CARS GARAGED in TOWN - \$30 per month.
CARS GARAGED at PRAYA EAST or
WANCHAI - \$20 per month.

THESE PRICES INCLUDE CLEANING AND
ORDINARY GARAGE DUTIES.

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JAMES STEER
THE CHRONOMETER AND WATCH MAKER
(Contractor to H. M. Naval Yard).
9, ICE HOUSE STREET, HONGKONG.

THE HOTEL ASIA
WEST BUND, CANTON.

The highest building in Canton affording a
panoramic bird's eye view of the whole
city and suburbs.

Large and airy rooms, Elevators, Electric Lights and Fans installed.
Hot and cold water service fitted, Excellent Cuisine, Bar and Billiard
room, Roof Garden, Cinematograph Theatre and every modern
convenience provided.

Special monthly and family rates can be
arranged on application to

THE SUN CO., LTD.,
Proprietors.

These Cigarettes are made of selected Mild
leaf tobacco and quite harmless to those
who are accustomed to inhale.

NANYANG BROTHERS TOBACCO CO.
165, Des Vaux Road, Hongkong.



六 龍 香 煙 乃 係 選 取 天 下 最 佳
中 國 煙 葉 製 成 其 味 道 下 人 衆 皆
五 星 行 銷 廣 遠 經 銷 處 均 有 發 售
號 百 精 所 售 貨 物 均 係 選 取 最 佳

GIN.

Sir R. Burnett & Co's Fine
Old Tom and Fine Unsweetened.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

TEL. 616.

Wm. **Powell** Ltd.
TELEPHONE 346

SEE WINDOWS
FOR
NEW RANGES
OF
FURNISHING FRABICS

CHARMING, DESIGNS in
EXQUISITE COLOURINGS.

CRETONNES, CHINTZES,
TAFFETAS, SHADOW CLOTHS etc.,

MEASUREMENTS TAKEN FOR CURTAINS AND
LOOSE COVERS AND ESTIMATES GIVEN
FREE.

BIRTHS.

BARRACLOUGH.—On Easter Sunday, at Wallasey, Cheshire, the wife of Lieutenant E. M. C. Barraclough, of a daughter.

RENDALL.—On May 25, at Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Rendall, a son.

MARRIAGES.

MACFARLANE-ATKINSON.—On April 6, at Eastbourne, Lieut. Ruthven Montgomerie Chase Macfarlane, M.C., Royal Field Artillery and Royal Air Force, to Miss Margaret Livingston Martin.

HARRAP-MARTIN.—On May 22, at Shanghai, Leslie Austen Harrap, to Margaret Livingston Martin.

DEATHS.

EASTERBROOK.—On May 19, at Clacton-on-Sea, Mrs. Ronald Easterbrook.

FINDLAY.—On May 24, at Nagasaki, Japan, John Findlay.

The China Mail.

"TRUTH, JUSTICE, PUBLIC SERVICE"

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JUNE 1, 1920.

THE SIMPLE LESSON OF
GUATEMALA.

Manuel Estrada Cabrera has ruled the little country of Guatemala for 22 years. He has been ousted by a revolution led by a man called Herrera. Guatemala is 47,500 miles square, has a population of two millions, including 90,000 in its capital city, named the same as the country. Its total annual revenue was \$500,000, and its national debt is four millions sterling. Cabrera is a man of nearly 64. Guatemala is the most northerly of the central American states, is violently volcanic, and had about 620 miles of railway in 1917. It exports chiefly coffee, with sugar, rubber, hides, bananas, and timber as subsidiary products. The inhabitants speak Spanish.

About Herrera we have been unable to find anything to add to the information given in the telegrams; but since he has established a new government in precisely the same way that Cabrera established his, by force of arms, there is probably little to choose between them. According to his lights Cabrera

was a good ruler, figuring as the "benevolent autocrat" which some people think is the best type a country can have. He established many constructive improvements. Education and public works are said to have been developed under him in a praiseworthy manner. He was, however, a dictator, supported by an always mobilized armed force, and we read that his people grew discontented with their lack of freedom, of free speech, and with his obvious tyrannies. The revolution was short, sharp, and successful, news of it coming to us over the wires as the fact accomplished. Another who lived by the sword has, metaphorically speaking, perished by the sword. Practice makes perfect, and insurrection makes fighting revolutionaries, as soon as ideas arrive to stir them. The simple lesson of Guatemala is that the late Campbell-Burner was quite right when he said that even a good government is intolerable when it exists by deprivation of freedom. It may point to its good deeds, to justify its existence, but a people imbued with the idea of freedom will not be able to see them because of the shadow that its major feature casts.

ADVERSARIA.

Genesis says it rained RAIN. This seems to confirm the theory that the Garden of Eden was situated not far from Hongkong. The persistent heavy rain of the last few days reminds us of the story of the Scottish minister who had a garden of newly planted seedlings. They were withering in the dry soil and hot sun, and he prayed for rain, a "nice soft sweetening rain." Down came a heavy shower such as we had yesterday. It washed the young plants out of their places, and he finished his prayer by saying "But O Lord, this is moist redecious." Max O'Rell tells the story in slightly different form.

Biff! Bang! Wallop! It is Friend Mackintosh seizing an opportunity to tell the public how right he was, and how very, very wrong the China Mail was. (See report published last evening.) He has been criticized for things he didn't say, he says, and that gives us the fellow feeling that makes us feel more kindly than ever towards him. He has all the tricks of the controversialist. We know them because we use 'em ourselves, when hard

pressed. He does not say that the China Mail ever said or suggested misappropriation of funds. If he did, we should talk to him differently. But he says, immediately after a reference to our transgressions, that that belief has "become prevalent." It is the first time we have heard of it. He says that it is a lie. He mentions the kind of lie it is. If anybody told that lie, we agree with him. Intentionally or unintentionally, his remarks are liable to convey the impression that the China Mail said, suggested, or insinuated misappropriation, which is not so. Such was never in our minds. We said the University managers had not "cut their coat according to their cloth," an adage or figure of speech which has a restricted meaning, and we have said nothing since from which any intelligent reader could get the idea of misappropriation.

We admire his triumphant air as he reveals the "secret" that the Arts Faculty is in no danger of being deleted or cut, that the three professors resigned before the Commission was gazetted, and that the China Mail was singularly unhappy in announcing falsely that the Arts Faculty was threatened, and then remarking (in view of Middleton Smith's letter) that God alone knew whether it was true or not. (Good hitting. But the position is quite simple and consistent. Let us restate it.)

We know (or, rather, were told before we knew of the Commission, that owing to reckless expenditure, retrenchment was demanded, and that this retrenchment affected the Arts Faculty. We were told, before we knew of the Commission, and told by a professor, that it was proposed to cut out the Arts Faculty.

Then we learned that three Arts Professors had resigned, and we read Mr. Mackintosh's remarks that they "left of their own accord."

Then we read Mr. Middleton Smith's letter showing that the Arts Faculty was safe for another year at least.

Then we said that God alone knew the truth.

Anyway—let us have a heart to heart talk right here with Friend Mackintosh.

Say! Assuming that there never was any truth in the suggestion that there was official talk of cutting out Arts, assuming that the three professors did resign of their own free will, and without any reference to what we have shortly described as the "University sensation" (which you have certainly done your best to suggest) you will admit, won't you, that the resignation of three professors, coming together at such a time, is a remarkable coincidence?

Not one. That could have passed unremarked. Not two. That would have looked odd, but possible. But three Arts men, all quitting just now, and with you very earnestly assuring the public that it had nothing whatever to do with it—come! You must admit that it is a most unfortunate coincidence. Just imagine. If you heard of good authority that the China Mail was in bad trouble, and then saw the Adversarian's name in a list of departures, wouldn't you add two and two together? If the editor then published the statement that the Adversarian had gone because he wanted to, wouldn't you smile? But if three of the Mail staff resigned all at once, with the Mail admittedly in a hole, and the Editor kept on saying that there was no connection between the events, what would you think of him? Well, rightly or wrongly, and at present God only knows which, that's what we have been thinking of you. Now, honest, can you blame us? Can you have the nerve?

Don't, however, assume that we deduced from the departure of the three things we said about the University. We said them before their resignation was announced. It seems a long time ago now that we heard — but there, we were nearly letting too much out. You know, we do know. We know about the cable message. We know—well, you'll understand that we have been trying to play the game by the University. The mistake you made was in not accepting that advice not to talk publicly. You forced our hands a bit.

We can imagine the ripple of laughter and applause that greeted your announcement that the three professors resigned before the Commission was gazetted, and certainly before it had sat. How absolutely crushing! Now, listen. We are prepared to be convinced, if more than mere assertion is offered, that these resignations were merely a remarkable coincidence. We concede that it is possible, but (as Mark Twain would say) tough. We are not denying what is possible. But if the issue of a case depended on the

point you scored, and you had scored it in the witness-box, and we were counsel cross-examining, these are the questions we would put to you, with frowning face and sternly pointing finger:

You suggest that these resignations had nothing whatever to do with proposals to "cut" entirely or partly, the Arts Faculty? You demonstrate that this is so and must have been so because they resigned before the Commission was gazetted?

Very well. Why was the Commission appointed? Was there a discovery first? Was anybody dissatisfied with the University Accounts? Was there what may be vulgarly termed a row? Was there—remember, Sir, you are on oath—an interregnum between what we will agree to call the row and the appointment of a Commission? During that interregnum, do you now say that the three who have now resigned did not hear anything of the row, that they were not interested in it, concerned by it, possibly influenced by it?

If you admit that they may have been influenced by what they heard was going on, do you still regard it as ingenious to suggest that they resigned of their own accord, thereby suggesting that there was no connection between the events? Those are questions which in such circumstances we would put to you. You are, of course, at liberty to answer them now if you care to.

Meanwhile, if you desire to discredit any more China Mail announcements, you really must be more careful how you go about it.

We have referred lightly and in passing to the misrepresentation of Mr. Mackintosh that he is criticized for things he never said, and to our "fellow feeling" in the matter. Happily, we are not at the mercy now of a report that can be challenged. The "copy" came from the University, and may be considered a just account of what he did say at the Warren presentation. On the strength of it we accuse him of the worst, the grossest, the most inexcusable misquotation and misrepresentation we have ever encountered in thirty years working experience. It is so very marked as to look intentional, though we are reluctant to believe that. We will be generous, and put it down as wanton and inexcusable carelessness. We quote verbatim:

"The Faculty of Arts is to be cut out as a result of this Commission. I see that the China Mail claims the responsibility of having reported this piece of news. Gentlemen, I know that this statement is not true. It is a Double Distilled Lie."

If Mr. Mackintosh can point to any issue of the China Mail containing those words, "as a result of this Commission," we will make up the University deficit. If he can point to any words of ours deemed capable by an ordinarily educated man of bearing that construction, our offer holds good. He invents a statement and calls it a Lie, first claiming to have seen it in the China Mail. That "piece of news," that "statement," is a lie, and must be a lie; but it did not originate in the China Mail. So far as we know, it originated in the mind of Mr. Mackintosh.

To be quite exact, and we have looked up all our references to the matter, we did not even say that the Arts Faculty was to be cut out. We said "we hear it is," which is a different thing. However, overlooking that, we certainly did not refer to the Commission at all.

As a result of this Commission makes a tremendous addition to the misquotation; and in view of the fact, triumphantly mentioned by himself, that the Commission has not even had a sitting yet, it was a wicked injustice to attribute it to us. As an honourable man, we confidently expect him to withdraw it at once.

The speech of Mr. Mackintosh, published by ourselves last night, plainly accuses the China Mail of telling a "Double Distilled Lie." The lie is stated in terms, and in terms he says he saw it in the China Mail. The statement that he saw in the China Mail what he says he saw is a lie—that is to say, it is utterly false and untrue. We don't say it is a "Double distilled" lie, not knowing what that means. We don't even say it was a deliberate and calculated lie, because we are naturally reluctant to believe that he would go that length. But what are we to do? We have been given the lie; and are prepared to prove everything we have said about the University sensation. We are prepared to disprove what he has said about the China Mail. Now, who is the liar?

As an honest confession, in the last "GENERAL" "love" months we have told one conscious lie in the China Mail—only one—and it had no reference to the University. It was forced upon us in order to shield a third person to

whom the truth would have meant serious consequences, and we are not ashamed of it. If it be wrong to lie in order to protect an outside informant, in such circumstances, we regret it; but we shall always feel obliged in similar circumstances to act that way. To shield ourselves, whenever we find we have made a mistake we readily and fully admit it. We are not of that petty minded sort that pretends it can never be in error. All along our phraseology in discussing the University sensation has been carefully chosen—even the "God knows" sentence that evoked the Mackintoshian scorn—to provide for the contingency that our information about the happenings at the University might be inaccurate, or misconstrued. But, by George, the anything but ingenious methods of Mackintosh and Middleton Smith have not strengthened our doubts. They have strengthened the suspicion that we had the "right end of the stick."

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

To-day's dollar is worth 4s. 12d.

Last week thirteen Hongkong Chinese died of influenza.

Notifiable disease last week—13 cases of plague and seven of enteric. In the subsequent 48 hours, two of plague, one of enteric, and one of cerebro-spinal fever.

The tennis match for the Singles Championship of the Colony has had again to be postponed owing to the state of the ground. It will be played as soon as conditions permit.

For the theft of a blanket in Samshupo, a Chinese, who was this morning charged by Inspector Lanagan, before Mr. R. O. Hutchison, was sentenced to four weeks' hard labour.

Two Chinese who were this morning charged before Mr. N. L. Smith with attempting to export \$10 and \$15 worth of Hongkong subsidiary coins respectively, lose their money.

The telegram quoted below was received at the U.S. Consulate from the Manila Observatory at 9 a.m. to-day: "Cyclone or typhoon E. of the Southern Visayas or Northern Mindanao. Direction unknown."

Inspector Kent of No. 2 Police Station this morning charged before Mr. R. O. Hutchison, at the Magistrate's Court, two Chinese, with unlawfully wounding a motor chauffeur in Praya East on the 1st May, with intent to rob. The case was fixed for Friday afternoon for hearing.

Before Mr. R. O. Hutchison at the Magistrate's Court this morning, Inspector Caygill applied for a further remand in the case in which a Chinese, a *foi* of a tea house in Yaumatei, was charged with the murder of another *foi*. The case was fixed for Monday afternoon.

Before Mr. N. L. Smith at the Magistrate's Court this morning, a Chinese woman was charged with kidnapping an infant from the country. She pleaded "not guilty." The Police said they were not prepared to go on with the case, as they had not yet succeeded in tracing the child's parents. A remand until to-morrow was granted.

A novelty in Hongkong transportation took place yesterday, when a local resident had to remove his furniture from Breezy Point to the Happy Valley. Although it was pouring with rain the removal took place, a motor truck belonging to the Dragon Motor Car Co. completing the job in four quick trips.

China had women soldiers long before they were known in Russia. During the Taiping rebellion in 1850 women as well as men served in the ranks. In Nanking, in 1853, an army of 50,000 women was recruited. They were divided into brigades of 13,000 each, and were commanded by women officers. And were there not some feminine "Dare-to-Dies" in 1911 and 1912?

A Chinese woman riding a bicycle is surely rather a novelty. One was to be seen yesterday between 12 and 1, in Bubbling Well Road. She appeared to be about 40 years of age and looked like the wife of some prosperous gardener or carpenter. And she rode remarkably well, sitting very erect and riding perfectly straight—in marked contrast with the average Chinese male cyclist, who has added a new terror to traffic.

When a Chinese woman was this morning charged before Mr. R. O. Hutchison, at the Magistrate's Court, with the unlawful possession of 4 tads of opium dross, she said the drug was brought by her uncle from Annam. He gave it to her to take to some friends in the country. The Police said the drug was found in a pttan basket which the defendant was carrying. She was going on board a Canton boat when she was arrested—\$25 fine, or one month's hard labour. The opium was confiscated.

FULL COURT OF APPEAL.

The appeal of Tse Tak, former postman, found guilty of feloniously secreting a letter and sentenced to three months' imprisonment at hard labour by Magistrate N. L. Smith, several weeks ago, was denied by the Full Court of Appeal, sitting yesterday, partial report of which proceedings was published in yesterday's China Mail. The court comprised Mr. H. J. Gompertz, Acting Chief Justice, and Mr. J. R. Wood, Acting Puisne Judge. The Hon. Mr. J. H. Kemp, K.C., Attorney-General, represented the Crown, and Mr. F. C. Jenkin (instructed by Mr. A. E. Hall of Messrs. Lo and Lo) argued the case for the appellant.

Mr. Jenkin, continuing his argument, submitted that in this case there was not more than mere suspicion that the appellant opened the letter, that he found it worthless, and that he threw it away or put it into another pillar box. There was no evidence of this. He said that criminal intent had not been proven.

In regard to application for rehearing and admission of further evidence Mr. Jenkin said he could bring evidence to prove that the handwriting on the envelope was well known to the appellant, as the Inspector, Mr. Watt conducted a school for postmen in one of the basements of the Post Office. He wanted to bring evidence that appellant had no opportunity to effect opening of a letter while on his rounds; and that appellant had found an unaddressed and unstamped parcel in a letter box on the same morning which he turned over to Mr. Hynes at the Post Office.

Mr. Justice Gompertz, said that so far as Mr. Jenkin's contention that the facts were not sufficient to support the conviction, was concerned, the Court was against him.

Mr. Kemp said he had intended to address the Court on four points, but if the Court thought, on the facts that there was sufficiently grave doubt of the Magistrate's conviction, he had nothing more to say on that matter. He proposed to address the Court on the facts. Mr. Kemp dealt with the general principles laid down in granting a rehearing, and mentioned several appeal cases, in which various principles had been laid down, which had come up in the Appeal Court of Hongkong in past years.

Mr. Kemp said, on the question of admitting fresh evidence, it was open to the Court to consider the case on the Magistrate's depositions. In this case, Mr. Jenkin asked for permission to bring in fresh evidence to prove several things. Mr. Jenkin wanted to put in evidence to show that the handwriting of Mr. Watt was well known to the appellant. That evidence might have been produced at the hearing. If that evidence was called, he (Mr. Kemp) would ask for permission to call evidence to show that the handwriting on the envelope was disguised. As regards the evidence which Mr. Jenkin wanted to call that the handwriting was recognised at the Post Office, he wished to point out the extreme danger of admitting such a statement at the present time, when it might well be manufactured. Mr. Jenkin had stated that the appellant's tour was through a populous district. Their Lordships would know the district, or a portion of it—Peak Road and Garden Road. They would realise how easy it would be for the appellant to slip behind a tree and open the letter. This evidence which Mr. Jenkin wished to call was not of such a nature as would justify a departure from the usual rule and admitting evidence which could well have been called earlier.

He submitted that the story about the appellant finding a parcel earlier in the day and restoring it to the Post Office was irrelevant. The fact that the appellant had resisted temptation on one occasion did not prove that he had resisted it on a second occasion. Besides, the parcel was not as valuable to the finder as a \$10 note would have been to him. On the point of fresh evidence, he submitted that none of the evidence it was proposed to call was decisive evidence; some of it might be dangerous because it may have been invented afterwards. No good reason had been given why this evidence should now be allowed.

On the facts of the case, Mr. Kemp submitted that there was enough evidence to support the conviction. He would go further, and say that the evidence led to no other conclusion. The appellant had the only key of the box, the letter was in the box, and he must have taken it out. He did not deliver it at the Post Office with other letters which he had taken out at the same time. The seals on the letter and its bulk would suggest that it contained paper money. The letter clearly had been fastened down with gum and sealed, and it did not require great care or a long time to open it. It was possible the appellant had handed it to an accomplice to open it. There was no money inside, and the accomplice had re-posted it. He thought there were three theories possible: any one of which would make the facts consistent with the prisoner's innocence. The first theory was that someone unconnected with the prison had duplicated keys of the letter box, and made it his particular form of crime to open the box and steal the letters. This was, however, impossible, else there would have been wholesale reports. As it was seldom that valuables were posted at a letter box, the game would not be

MORE "PROFESSOR" TROUBLES.

TWO SEAMEN IMPRISONED.

J. Fennesay, and T. Casey, firemen of the a.s. "Professor," were charged before Commander C. W. Beckwith at the Marine Court this morning with disobeying the orders of the Chief Engineer on May 31.

Capt. Jackson said he had considerable trouble with the defendants. He had two entries in the log book against Fennesay, while Casey had been sentenced to six weeks' hard labour by Captain Taylor. He really believed that Fennesay was the ring-leader of all the trouble.

Commander Beckwith: "I want you to state the facts. I want you to tell me what actually happened."

Capt. Jackson continued that at 11.20 p.m. on Sunday night the two defendants came on board quite drunk. They created a disturbance by singing at the top of their voices till midnight. There were a number of passengers on board. Yesterday the Second Engineer went to the fo'castle. The defendants had not turned out and were ordered to do so. The matter was reported to him (witness) at 8 o'clock by the Chief Engineer. When the Chief Engineer went for the men at 9.30 to tell them to come on the bridge they did not do so. They came up at 9.50. Fennesay said he did not care what happened to him. Fennesay had been before him on six occasions and had been lodged twice. Casey had had complaints of Casey doing no work while the ship was in port and leaving the ship without permission. He was a very good man at sea. Fennesay said he did not come aboard with Casey. He did not open his mouth to sing a note.

Casey said he came aboard at 9 p.m. Fennesay was not with him. He was not singing. With regard to not turning to, Fennesay said he was called but fell asleep again. He only lost 1½ hours work.

The Chief Engineer, Mr. W. Mackay, said on Sunday night just before midnight he heard a disturbance outside his cabin. It continued for some time so he went out and saw Fennesay arguing with the Third Officer. Defendant was drunk, but went forward when witness spoke to him. Casey was not with him. On that morning witness went to the fo'castle at 6.40 as he had been informed that four men had not turned to. He saw Casey, dressed for work, but in his bunk. He told the men to turn to but none did so. He went back to the fo'castle and told Fennesay and Casey to go and see the Captain. At sea the men were as good as could be wished but in port they were useless and hopeless.

Commander Beckwith found both guilty, and, taking into consideration their previous bad conduct, sentenced Fennesay to nine weeks' hard labour and Casey to twelve weeks.

worth the candle. Further, if an outside thief had taken the letter, there would have been no motive in re-posting it. The letter did not contain waste paper, as Mr. Jenkin had said, but contained a G.P.O. form asking addressee to return the form to the Post Office—a method adopted by the Post Office to check irregularities. Being a postman, the defendant knew that if the form was not re-posted and later returned to the G.P.O. by the addressee, enquiries would be made. The second theory, another impossible one, was that the letter was stolen or mislaid at the G.P.O. Mr. Watt was waiting at the Post Office specially for the appellant, to see if he would produce the letter in question from among those he had collected, and there was no possibility of its having been stolen or mislaid once the appellant had reached the Post Office.

The third theory was that, in opening the box and clearing it, he dropped the letter on the road. This was most unlikely, but not impossible, if he had dropped the letter, it must have been picked up by either an honest person or a dishonest person. If an honest person had found it, he would have posted it unopened. If a dishonest person had found it, he would have thrown it away. He certainly would not have walked to the Post Office and posted it. The evidence, Mr. Kemp thought, pointed clearly and decisively to guilt.

Mr. Jenkin said he had nothing further to submit. The Attorney General had introduced a possible theory that another person might have handled the letter. If that was a possibility, it must weigh as much in favour of the appellant as against him. There must be grave doubts that the appellant had done it all, and if these doubts existed, it would not be in accordance with the strictest canons of justice if the appellant was not given the benefit. The fact that no instrument was found on the appellant when he was searched at the Post Office, was surely some evidence that he did not open the letter, for it undoubtedly needed a sharp knife to open the letter.

The Court, having considered their verdict, refused the application for a rehearing, and confirmed the conviction. No order was made as to costs.

"WALLA-WALLA" LAUNCHES.
Phone No. 3516.

TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reader's Service to the China Mail.)

EXTRAORDINARY CLOUD BURST AT LOUTH.

TOWN WRECKED.

LONDON, May 30.

Torrential rainfalls in north and northeast England had devastating effects. The streamlet Lud at Louth in Lincolnshire swelled to a river two hundred yards wide and swept away bridges and buildings, leaving a path thick with debris. The water reached the tops of trees and the upper storeys of houses where people were taking refuge. They were trapped. Twenty drowned bodies have hitherto been recovered. Hundreds are homeless. It is believed that a cloudburst did it. At Grimsby buildings were also badly waterladen. The Grimsby-Louth railway line was submerged. The rains washed away part of the north western main line near Lancaster. The countryside is awamped.

LONDON, May 30.

The death-roll at Louth is now estimated at fifty. The flood carried off four firemen working a fire-engine. A terrace of fifteen houses was entirely demolished, there being only one surviving occupant.

LONDON, May 31.

The Louth disaster was due to a cloudburst that occurred at tea time without warning. A roaring fifteen-foot torrent carrying livestock, trunks of trees, furniture, and other debris, engulfed half the town in a few minutes. The inhabitants had barely time to escape from the upper storeys. Chimney flues, roofs and treetops were (in demand?) An entire family was trapped in a room and drowned. The subsidence of the flood revealed an appalling scene of devastation, reminiscent of an air-raid. Crumbling houses were left. There were mud-covered pianos, wardrobes, and shopgoods. Search parties were quickly organised, extricating corpses entangled in wreckage. One doctor spent hours wading and swimming. He attended the injured. Many who were half-drowned were resuscitated. One woman narrowly escaped by fastening herself and baby to a meat-hook in the ceiling. She was rescued unconscious. Her other children were drowned. The damage is estimated at £100,000.

YACHTING.

SHAMROCK FOUR LAUNCHED.

NEW YORK, May 27.

Shamrock Four was successfully launched. She has much changed in appearance since 1914. Six tons of lead have been transferred to the bottom of the keel and the bow lines made finer.

BRISTOL, RHODE ISLAND, May 27.

The Resolute's steel mast which has been stepped is the same as was used in 1915, instead of the wooden mast which broke.

FLYING STUNTS.

TOKYO, May 30.

The Rome to Tokyo aviators, Masiero and Ferrarin, arrived at Osaka from Taiku this morning.

RANGOON, May 29.

The Australian lieutenants, Parer and McIntosh, flying from Cairo to Australia, left to-day for Penang.

DEFENCE OF BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, May 31.

M. Renkin, minister of the interior, in a speech said that Belgium should have a well-organised army capable of preventing a disaster worse than the 1914 one. Alliances and military arrangements with Britain and France ought to furnish Belgium with means of defence but their maintenance was uncertain.

PRINCE IN AUSTRALIA.

MELBOURNE, May 29.

Over 35,000 people were present at a special agricultural show held on the racecourse in honour of the Prince of Wales, including the governor-general, the prime minister, and most of the State premiers. The Prince had great difficulty in getting his car through miles of cheering crowds. In view of the crowds, principally women and children, who continue to wait for hours in the streets day or night whenever the Prince is expected to pass the Press is appealing to the public to keep the road clear to enable punctuality to be observed. Otherwise the Prince's programme will have to be reduced.

ITALIAN CONCERT PARTY.

Hongkong is soon to have a visit from an Italian concert party—the Silvestri party—which has been performing with success in North China. It consists of Amelia Silvestri (soprano dramatic), Signorina Ross Filocamo (soprano lyric), L. F. Amelias (soprano virtuos), and Signorina Maria Filocamo (mezzo soprano). The programmes they present consist of vocal and instrumental selections from well-known operas, and judging by accounts received, they render them with great charm and talent. The opening performance will be given at the Chamber of Commerce Room at 9.15 p.m. on Saturday, when the party will have the assistance of Professor E. Danenberg.

A Chinese when searched on the Leung Wing Wharf yesterday, was found to have 100 rounds of ammunition in the pockets of his coat. He was this morning, charged before Mr. N. L. Smith, at the Magistracy and fined \$50 or six weeks' hard labour. He told the Magistrate that he was engaged by a man whom he did not know, to take two parcels on board a ship. He was to be paid for his trouble. He undertook the "job" because he was ignorant of the contents of the parcels. The ammunition was confiscated.

DISTRICT WATCHMAN STABBED.

One of Inspector Willis's folkis, District Watchman No. 18, Hau Cheung, attached to the Detective Staff of No. 7 Police Station was last night stabbed in the abdomen. It appears that whilst walking in Queen's Road West at about 11.30 p.m., when at the junction of Queen's Road and Lee Sing Street, an unknown man rushed out of the side street, stabbed the watchman on the left side of the abdomen, and then ran away. No one came to the watchman's assistance, and the wounded man had to walk all the way to the Government Civil Hospital, where he was speedily operated upon. He is at present in a serious condition. The watchman does not know the identity of the person who stabbed him, but is of opinion that he is the hireling of some Triad Society which he (the watchman) had occasion to come in contact with in the course of his duties. No arrest has been made.

FOR A LAME BACK.

WHEN you have pains or lameness in the back, buttocks, legs, or arms, Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice a day, rubbing with the palm of the hand for five minutes at each application. Then dampen a piece of flannel slightly with this liniment and band it on over the rest of the pain. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

A NEW CHINESE REPUBLIC?

SENSATIONAL REPORT.

PROJECTED INDEPENDENCE OF YUNNAN.

Sensational reports, arising out of the fresh chaos into which recent events have thrown Chinese politics, are current in Shanghai. Since the Canton parliament came here almost in a body, it is reported to have had two schemes under discussion—one to establish a parliament at Shanghai and the other to go to Yunnan. For the time being there is less talk of Shanghai, but Yunnan comes into prominence as the seat of the Southern executive.

Behind this talk of a transfer of the government, it is stated that a much more ambitious scheme exists, nothing less than the establishment of Yunnan as a separate republic. This belief is based on a considerable extent on the fact that negotiations are now proceeding rapidly between the militarists of the North and South for a reconciliation. It is unlikely that they can come to a head until the appointment of a Premier, for Admiral Sah is holding the position only *pro tem.*, but the Premiership may be one of the points in the settlement of the dispute. Should this reconciliation be effected, it is stated that Kwangtung and Kwangsi will go over to the North, and that then the parliamentarians of the South will endeavour to establish their separate republic of Yunnan. At present there is, naturally, no official pronouncement on the subject, but the report is of such importance as to deserve notice.

As for the Premiership, it seems hopeless to speculate. The Anfu Club is said to desire Tuan Chihui for the post and naturally he is unwilling to damn himself by taking it. But there is said to be an additional factor in making the post especially unpopular—belief that any man assuming it and endeavouring to negotiate with Japan over Shantung will be taking his life in his hands.

This statement is made in Shanghai by responsible people—that the announcement of negotiation with Japan would be the signal for the assassination of the holder of office. It is a distinctly appalling prospect to contemplate, but coming from the source it does, we can only believe that it is one of the events to be feared.—N.C. Daily News.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

MR. S. HAMER, having by mutual arrangement, severed his connection with the undersigned, ceases as from this date to sign our firm-name per procuration.

E. A. BEAUMONT & CO.

Dated this 1st day of June, 1920.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—POINTER PUP, (Dog) 5-months old. Apply Box 1202, c/o "China Mail."

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (For Account of the Concerned.)

SATURDAY,

June 5, 1920, at 10.30 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 4, Des Voeux Road, Corner of La House Street.

USEFUL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., &c., &c.

(Removed to Sales Rooms for Convenience of Sale).

Also

An assortment of Office Furniture, &c. Two Clocks, two Recesses.

And

One American made piano in very good condition.

Terms—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong June 1, 1920.

WEDNESDAY,

June 2, 1920, at 2.30 p.m., at No. 25, Conduit Road.

A Quantity of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong June 1, 1920.

TO-NIGHT, at 5.15.

SPECIAL PERFORMANCE OF "ALADDIN"

at 9.15 p.m.

LAST SHOWING OF

"VIRTUOUS MEN"

THE "CORONET."

FURNITURE.

CONTRACTS SOLICITED FOR HOUSES, OFFICES, HOTELS & SHIPS.

BRASS AND IRON BEDSTEADS, UPHOLSTERY, ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, GLASSWARE, CROCKERY, HIGH-CLASS TEAKWOOD & BLACK WOOD FURNITURE.

CHEONG LEE & CO.

TEL. No. 401. HEAD OFFICE, 68, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. CABLE ADDRESS "CHEONGLEE" A.B.C. CODE 5TH EDITION.

BATH TUBS.

SANITARY GOODS

BATHROOM FITTINGS

AND ALL KINDS OF

GLASS AND MIRRORS.

LYSON COMPANY,

Tel. No. 2559. 39A, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

DON'T FORGET TO-NIGHT

"THE EXPLOIT OF A GERMAN SUBMARINE U35"

OLIVE THOMAS IN "TOTON"

HONGKONG THEATRE

COLD STORAGE

Arrived

S.S. "Carmarthenshire"

Cured in Scotland

Finnan Haddocks	per lb.	50.
Selected Kippers	"	40.
Yarmouth Bloaters	"	40.
Selected Fillets	"	70.
Smoked Salmon	"	2.50.
Fresh Salmon	"	1.20.

ALSO

Tunis Dates per box 50.

Clarke, Nickolls & Coombs

Fondants & Sweets \$1.00 per lb.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

HONGKONG.

COLUMBIA

NEW RECORDS RECEIVED.

A 1516	(Cohen on the Phone)	Comic
A 2251	[Happy 'Tho Married]	Whistling Solo
A 2494	[Simplicity]	
A 2835	[Lardita Valse]	
	(The Boy & the Bird)	Descriptive Princes Band
	(In the Valley of Sunshine)	Tenor Solo Henry Burr
	[Peggy]	" " C. Harrison
	[Say it with Flowers]	" " " "

THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.

16 DES VOEUX ROAD.

TEL 1323.

ROUND THE ISLAND OF HONGKONG.

BY

THE BEST & MOST COMFORTABLE MOTOR CARS

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THE SPECIAL REDUCTION PRICES:—

HUDSON or CHANDLER, 7-passenger Motor Car \$12.00

OAKLAND, 5-passenger Motor Car \$ 8.00

Phone 2499.

BREEZY GARAGE,

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TOOTH PASTE

FRESH STOCK JUST ARRIVED.

COLONIAL DISPENSARY.

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Telephone No. 1877.

PORT WINES

From the oldest and most reliable

OPORTO HOUSES.

WORLD RENOWNED BRANDS.

BELLE SEXE	per case	1 doz. qts. duty paid	\$40.00
DESTINTE	"	"	32.00
PORTE OLUB	"	"	30.00
SANTE ANTONIE	"	"	24.00
FREI AGOSTINHE	"	"	24.00

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GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.

WINE MERCHANTS.

Tel. No. 128.

6, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

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HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

Sailings:—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 10 p.m.
From Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 5 p.m.SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.
HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

SAILINGS:—

(During the docking of S.S. SUTAN "there will be no sailing to Macao at 8 a.m. and from Macao at 5 p.m.")
To Macao daily at 8 p.m.
From Macao daily at 5 p.m.Police Permits to leave the Colony are not required.
Further information may be obtained at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, Hotel Mansions, or from Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son, Booking Agents, Hongkong.

DODWELL & COMPANY, LTD.

STEAMSHIP SERVICES.

LLOYD TRIESTINO

FOR SHANGHAI AND YOKOHAMA.

S.S. "PERSIA"

Sailing on or about 30th June.

FOR BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE
Via SINGAPORE, PANANG AND COLOMBO.

S.S. "AFRICA"

Sailing Noon Tuesday, 1st June.

NANYO YUSEN KAISHA, Ltd.
(SOUTH SEA MAIL S. S. CO.)

Regular Services between

JAPAN, HONGKONG & JAVA

FOR JAPAN.

S.S. "SAMARANG MARU"

Sailing on or about 9th June.

FOR JAVA.

S.S. "BORNEO MARU"

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OCEAN TRANSPORT Co., Ltd.
(TAITO KAIUN KAISHA)Steamship Services Trans-Pacific.
Also to Australia, Europe, etc.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

TAKING Cargo on through Bills of Lading to South AFRICAN PORTS, with transshipment at CALCUTTA.

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INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
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BEST TERMS. COMPLETE STOCK.

(ESTABLISHED 1880) SINGON & CO. (TELEPHONE 515).

O. S. K.
OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.
HAYRE MARU...Wednesday, 16th June.
HIMALAYA MARU...Sunday, 11th July.
BUENOS AIRES—Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Mauritius, Durban and Cape Town via Singapore.SEATTLE MARU...Sunday, 4th July.
BOMBAY & COLOMBO—Regular fortnightly service via S'pore.
INDUS MARU...Friday, 4th June.
GANGES MARU...Tuesday, 23rd June.
SAIGON, BANGKOK & SINGAPORE—Regular Monthly service.UNNAN MARU...Tuesday, 1st June.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE—Monthly service taking cargo to New Zealand and Pacific Islands.
MITSUKI MARU...Friday, 14th June.VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE & TACOMA—Regular fortnightly service touching at immediate ports in Japan and taking cargo Overland points U.S. in conjunction with Chicago MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY.
CHICAGO MARU...Tuesday, 8th June.
ARABIA MARU...Tuesday, 28th June.NEW YORK—Regular monthly service via Japan ports, San Francisco, Panama and Cuban Ports.
AMAZON MARU...Saturday, 26th June.
JAPAN PORTS—Mojji, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Yokohama.
KOSOKU MARU...Sunday, 20th June.KEELUNG via SWATOW & AMOY—These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers and will arrive at and depart from the O.S.K. wharf near the Harbour Office.
AMAKURA MARU...Sunday, 6th June.TAKAO via SWATOW & AMOY.
SOSHU MARU...Thursday, 3rd June.
SHISEN MARU For Takao (direct)...Monday, 14th June.
For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to:
Y. YASUDA, Manager.
No. 1, Queen's Building.

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"GABO" (Cargo only) ...July 2nd.
"HWAH PING" ...July 4th.
(Calling at Port Darwin).

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AMOI, SHANGHAI AND PUKOW...SUNSHINE...June 1, at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN...SUNSHINE...June 5, at Noon.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN...SUNSHINE...June 9, at 4 p.m.
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN...HUICHOW...June 6, at 3 p.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK...CHENOT...June 8, at 11 a.m.
AMOI, SHANGHAI AND PUKOW...SHANTUNG...June 8, at 3 p.m.

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAIL AND CARGO—Excellent Saloon accommodation amidships. Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong, Shanghai (three weekly) and Tientsin (weekly), taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

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For Freight or Passage apply to—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
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Operating the following U.S. Shipping Board Steamers:

For SEATTLE, TACOMA, VICTORIA, VANCOUVER.

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"CROSSKEYS" ...About June 15th.
"ICONTIUM" ...About June 22nd.
"WHEATLAND MONTANA" ...About July 12th.

For PORTLAND Direct.

(Calling at Shanghai and Kobe):

"MONTAGUE" ...About June 15th.
"WABAN" ...About June 23rd.
"ABERCOSS" ...About July 10th.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Overland Common Points.

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Via Panama

S.S. "WYTHEVILLE" Sails about June 29th

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HOTEL MANSIONS.

SHIPPING

C. P. & S.

SAILINGS

HONGKONG to VANCOUVER

(via Shanghai, Nagasaki (Mojji) Kobe & Yokohama)

STEAMERS	HONGKONG	VANCOUVER
Empress of Asia	June 3	June 21
Monteagle	June 8	July 2
Empress of Russia	July 1	July 19
Empress of Japan	July 20	Aug. 10
Empress of Asia	July 29	Aug. 18
Monteagle	Aug. 12	Sept. 5
Empress of Russia	Aug. 26	Sept. 13
Empress of Japan	Sept. 14	Oct. 5
Empress of Asia	Sept. 23	Oct. 11
Empress of Russia	Oct. 31	Nov. 8
Monteagle	Oct. 26	Nov. 19
Empress of Japan	Nov. 9	Nov. 30
Empress of Asia	Nov. 18	Dec. 6
Empress of Russia	Dec. 16	Jan. 3

Passage Fare Hongkong to United Kingdom.

Empress of Russia	Gold 8,000 Tons Reg.	Gold
Empress of Asia	\$803	\$535
Empress of Japan	\$1,800 Tons Reg.	\$1,800 Tons Reg.

Fares & sailings subject to change without notice.

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HONGKONG OFFICE: CANADIAN PACIFIC.

Cable Address: CANPAC.

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"NANKING" (15,000 tons). "NILE" (11,000 tons). "CHINA" (10,200 tons).

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SAN FRANCISCO

Via SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS & HONOLULU.

"NANKING" ...June 3rd 1930. "NILE" ...June 16th 1930. "CHINA" ...July 22nd 1930.

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH CLASS

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SWATOW, AMOY & FOCHOW

AND RETURN.

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STEAMER CAPTAIN LEAVING.
HAILONG ...Capt. J. S. Thomson...FRIDAY, 4th June, at 2 p.m.
HAIKONG ...Capt. W. C. Passmore...TUESDAY, 8th June, at 2 p.m.

SWATOW, AMOY.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).
For FREIGHT and PASSAGE apply to—

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General Managers.

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FOR HAVANA & NEW YORK
VIA PANAMA CANAL.

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INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

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For particulars apply to—

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MANAGING AGENTS.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.
(Ellerman & Bucknall Steamship Co., Ltd.)

JAPAN, CHINA AND STRAITS

TO
UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT.FOR PARTICULARS OF SAILINGS SHIPPERS ARE
REQUESTED TO APPROACH THE UNDERSIGNED.

For

LONDON AND HAMBURG...KATHLAMBA...Second half July.

Subject to change without notice.

Or to REISS & Co., Canton.

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

General Agents.

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JOINT SERVICE OF THE

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AND

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LD.)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

"DEUCALION" ...via S'pore...5th July.
Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option.
Subject to change without notice.For freight and particulars apply to:
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE or THE BANK LINE, LTD., HONGKONG.
HONGKONG & CANTON: REISS & CO., CANTON.

GOLD COIN SMUGGLING.

LARGE BUSINESS FROM STRAITS PORTS.

The reports recently of the seizure of large quantities of both British and American gold coins caused no surprise to those who have gone into the question and know the reason for the attempts, says the *Rangoon Gazette*, of May 7. In India the shipment of gold by any one except the Government or even the dealing in gold coin is prohibited. The man in the street has wondered when there is such a shortage in circulation, why any one caught bringing it into the province is prosecuted and his gold confiscated. When the value of gold depreciated a war ordinance was passed giving Government only the right to handle gold. This was done with a view of keeping up the sterling value of the rupee, the Government paying to this day Rs. 15 for every sovereign. Against this the Government of India have to contend with the Straits Settlements and Penang where gold freely circulates and where an American twenty dollar gold piece can be bought for Rs. 48 and readily sold in Rangoon and India for from Rs. 55 to 59. Sovereigns can be bought for Rs. 10 and Rs. 11 in those places and can be readily disposed of in Burma or in India for Rs. 12 and Rs. 13. This shows that if the shipment is a large one, such as those that have been seized on the steamer "Hong Moh" in Rangoon, the first of which was £42,000, the second £8,000 and the last, a few days ago, £8,679 the business of smuggling this gold is an enormously profitable one.

HUGE PROFITS.

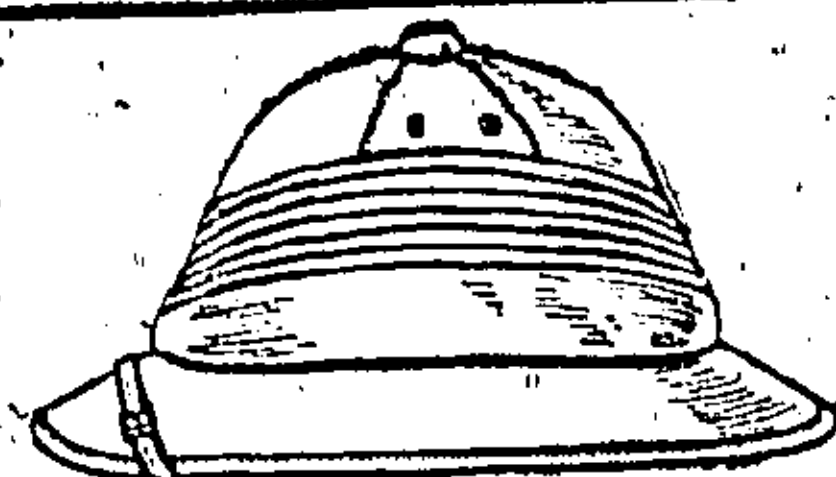
It has been alleged that certain firms who successfully got through their shipments without detection made a profit last year of twenty-eight lakhs. Rangoon is not the only place where this smuggling has been tried. Moulmein, where the recent Customs case was tried, is another place and later advices from there show that seizures are still being made there of gold coin. Just so long as the value in one British possession of gold remains different from the value in all other British possessions where gold can be bought at the market rate, just so long will those willing to take a chance for big profits carry on their games. These coins can be secreted in so many places aboard a steamer owing to their small size that it makes the work of a Customs officer very difficult. The smuggling is said to be done almost entirely on Chinese ships coming from the Straits and Penang where the price of gold is low as compared with India. In the latest seizure of £87,679, the Rangoon officers making it had to use the services of a diver before the search was complete. It is usual to send a Customs launch down to the Bassin Creek to meet all incoming steamers and accompany them up into port. On this occasion the launch waited for three days before the steamer arrived and when she did they boarded her and made their search. Nothing was discovered until a big tank on the ship was reached. This is entered through a manhole and was found by the searching party to be almost full of water, nearly twenty one feet. As gold is not injured by the action of water, it was believed that this might have been thought a likely place by smugglers to hide their contraband. One of the party divested himself of his clothing and dived down into the water and when he came up he reported that on the sides of the tank there were shelves and on these shelves, which were from four to seven feet below the surface, were a number of bags of coin. The work of getting these up took some time and sixteen bags in all were brought to the surface. These were found to contain Queen Victoria sovereigns, of which 13,587 were counted, and 6,023 American coins known as the twenty dollar gold piece, of the coinage of 1904 and 1906, valued at four sovereigns each.

PLENTY OF GOLD AVAILABLE.
Figuring the total seizure into rupees at the rate of Rs. 15 a sovereign and four sovereigns to the American gold piece the value of the seizure amounted to Rs. 565,385. The next day a diver was sent down but nothing more was found. The profit on this shipment roughly speaking at the prevailing rates in the Rangoon bazaar would have been upwards of a lakh of rupees had it been successfully smuggled through. It is said that where one shipment is detected others are not and that in consequence there is plenty of gold in the country. Much of the gold so smuggled into Rangoon is sent to Bombay where a ready market is always to be found for it. In consequence of the possibilities of the trade in gold coin the Customs officials have their work cut out to detect these shipments. More than once it is stated that bags of gold coin have been brought into port, have been undiscovered, and the ship has left port again with the gold still on board only to be returned to the shipper at the other end or brought back and got rid of without detection.

CAUSE OF DESPONDENCY.

DESPONDENCY is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and quickly disappears when Chamberlain's Tablets are taken. These tablets strengthen the digestion and move the bowels. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

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HATS

Made on Cork and Rubber or Felt bodies, covered with a strong white Drill, leather bound and chin strap. Have smart white puggarces, are light in weight, thoroughly Sunproof and Waterproof.

\$7.50, \$8.00, \$10.50 to \$12.00 each.

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& CO., LTD.

Men's Wear Specialists.

16, Des Voeux Road.

Telephone 29.

POSITION IN PERSIA.

AN UNCENSORED LETTER.

A correspondent, writing to the *Englishman*, says: "There is evidently some kind of censorship in Persia, for recent letters from that country have contained no reference to politics and are only concerned with business or domestic details. One uncensored letter, however, has come through to Calcutta. It is addressed, apparently by some mistake, to a Persian subject who has never taken any interest in politics, but is a member of the Democratic Party in Teheran, and it throws a flood of light upon the present situation in the Caucasus and in Persia. The writer comments bitterly about the apathy of the Persian people in general who, he says, are so busy making money that they have no time to think about the liberty of the soul. He adds that it would not be so bad if those who made money were willing to part with some of it for propaganda purposes, but the men who are making fortunes will not give so much as a single kran. Well known patriots are exposed to contumacious and jeers. Even the defeat of Denikin's Army has not caused any excitement. The Persians say that the Bolsheviks have no intention of encroaching on Persian territory. The Democratic writer apparently wants the Bolsheviks in the country for he goes on to denounce the slowness with which they are advancing in spite of the fact, as he states, that the Tarter Republic is willing to welcome them."

GEMS AT LITTLE COST.

THE AUSTRALIAN SAPPHIRE.

Patriotic people can help some of the struggling Australian miners who have returned 10,000 miles from the war, if they patronise the green Australian sapphire. The *Daily Chronicle* has received an appeal from the miners of Sapphiertown, Queensland, and Mr. H. Bengtson, their representative, a gem miner himself, writes: "My colleagues, the Anakie gem miners, just returned to their mining work from the long and cruel war, would feel grateful to the Editor of the *Daily Chronicle* in London for bringing this matter before the public to promote our Colonial gem mining industry, thus enabling the miners to resume their work whereby they may earn a decent living."

He compares the emerald and the Australian green sapphire. The former is scarce and dear, he points out, because the only supply is from the Colombian mines, whose output is now poor.

"This is alarming to the aristocracy who want green gems," he says, "but we, Anakie miners can help them if they will buy our beautiful green sapphires of great brilliancy and soft green velvety shade from the recently developed Tomahawk gem mines."

Inquiries among experts in the jewellery trade confirmed the points raised in this letter. Emeralds are extraordinarily scarce, and one single stone hardly as big as a man's thumb, was sold in London recently for £20,000. Yet the beautiful green sapphires of Australia are neglected.

Mr. Charles Mathews, the Hatter-garden gem expert, showed a *Daily Chronicle* representative some fine specimens of these sapphires, which he quoted as low as 30s. a carat. Emeralds of like size would cost scores of pounds.

They are a sage green, not a grass green, like the emerald, but they have their own special beauty, and look well with diamonds.

BUSINESS WOMEN.

SALARIES OF £1,000 A YEAR.

MANAGING BIG CONCERNS.

Evidence of the fact that commerce is increasingly entering into the life of many women is to be seen at the Drapers' Exhibition, writes a *Daily Chronicle* representative. "Madame" or the "Misses" pre-fixes the name over many of the most flourishing concerns, and one of the best known women in the drapery trade prophesies large developments. "One of the reasons why women are going in for big business," she said, "is because they find they are as competent as men, and, having once established themselves as proprietors, they put in women as managers of departments. You would be surprised to know the number of women in the large cities, more especially London, of course, who get £1,000 a year." The writer found one business at the exhibition entirely run by smart and capable women, including a managing directress on the board of control. In another instance a woman's brain transformed what a few years ago was nothing but a small work-room into a concern with West-end shops and a factory in South-west London, employing hundreds of people. She is probably over the £10,000 mark. Asked what was thought to be the secret of this remarkable woman's success, one of the managers at the exhibition gave the following striking reply: "She has been successful because of her unusual talents for business, and also because she has a very marked personality, but above all, she has done what few women even in the business world will do, and that is she has speculated. And she has succeeded."

CHARLIE CHAPLIN.

TROUBLE WITH WIFE'S MANAGER.

New York.—The *Morning Telegraph* says that Mr. Charlie Chaplin, the film "star," had a fight with Mr. Louis Mayer, Mrs. Chaplin's Manager and adviser, in the lobby of the Alexandria Hotel at Los Angeles, the other night. Witnesses of the encounter in the hotel lobby agree that Mr. Chaplin came off second best and that his nose and the rest of his face bear witness that Mr. Mayer's fists are more substantial than the custard pies Mr. Chaplin is accustomed to receive in the face in his film comedies. It appears that when Mr. Mayer entered the hotel he was approached by Mr. Chaplin who demanded that the manager should remove his glasses. Mr. Mayer swung his fist in the general direction of the promoter's jaw. But the latter dodged and landed his own fist on Mr. Chaplin's nose, sending the comedian to the floor. Hotel employees interfered and escorted Mr. Chaplin to his room, while Mr. Mayer left the hotel.

While this was happening at Los Angeles, Mrs. Mildred Harris Chaplin, who is estranged from her husband, was dancing a fox-trot with the Prince of Wales 800 miles away at Coronado Beach, the resort near San Diego. The dance was given by the Mayor of San Diego.

Mrs. Chaplin had just finished her dance with the Prince and another with Lord Mountbatten when she was informed by newspaper representatives of the row between her husband and Mr. Mayer. She exhibited only mild concern.

Take a "WALLA-WALLA" BOAT to your ship. Phone No. 3516.

PENSIONS STAFF, 23,212

1,589 INCREASE IN FEBRUARY.

The chief feature of the monthly statement showing the variations in the strength of the staff of Government Departments, just issued as a Parliamentary Paper [Cmd. 643] is again the growth of the staff of the Pensions Ministry. During the month of February no fewer than 1,589 persons were added to this Department.

As will be seen from the following figures, the increase in the staff of the Pensions Ministry—which now reaches the enormous figure of 23,212—has been practically continuous since the Armistice:—

Nov. 11, 1918	8,561
March 31, 1919	12,663
July 1, 1919	16,480
Aug. 1, 1919	17,543
Sept. 1, 1919	18,098
Oct. 1, 1919	17,815
Nov. 1, 1919	18,022
Dec. 1, 1919	19,759
Jan. 1, 1920	20,970
Feb. 1, 1920	21,643
March 1, 1920	23,212

The growth of the Ministry is once more stated to be "due to the increase in Institutional and Regional Staffs." Other increases shown are at the Board of Trade (89), the Ministry of Health (20), and "Other Departments" (1,004). The figures for the Ministry of Munitions again show a decrease, 2,120 persons having been dispensed with during the month. The total staff of this Ministry is now 12,111, compared with 26,678 on July 1, 1919. The Labour Ministry decreased its staff during February by 397, the total staff being 18,321, as compared with 26,394 on July 1, 1919. All other Departments show a slight decrease during the month, including the War Office (434), the net decrease being 1,274.

Since July 1, 1919, the total of the staffs of all Departments has been reduced from 407,294 to 381,909, a decrease of 25,385. The percentage decrease over the eight months is only about 6.23.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

The s.s. "Rokkusan Maru," (Capt. K. Takiy), 1,169.12 tons, arrived yesterday at 2 p.m., from Miki with 2,517 tons of coal.

The s.s. "Hsinchang" (Captain W. R. Wallace), 1,258 tons, arrived this morning at 5.30 a.m. from Lung Kau with 1,100 tons of general cargo.

The s.s. "Chongva," (Capt. J. M. Anderson), 558 tons, arrived yesterday at 9 p.m., from Haiphong with 17 bags of mail, and 950 tons of general cargo.

The s.s. "Hopsang" (Captain J. H. Ferguson), 1,359 tons, arrived this morning at 6.30 a.m. from Swatow with 17,000 packages of cargo and 7 bags of mail.

DEPARTURES.

The s.s. "Haiching" (Capt. Stewart), sailed for Pochoow via Swatow at 2 p.m. to-day with 1,200 tons of general cargo.

The s.s. "Hsin Ping An" (Captain Novik), sailed for Newchwang at 7 a.m. to-day with 800 tons of general cargo.

The s.s. "Alaska Maru" (Captain Minra), sailed for New York via Shanghai at 10 a.m. to-day with 1350 tons of general cargo.

The s.s. "Cheongshing" (Captain van Cortlandt), sailed for Tientsin via Wei-hai-wei and Chefoo at 6 a.m. to-day with 1,700 tons of general cargo.

Miss Terry and Miss de Vine, Australian society entertainers, are appearing at the Repulse Bay Hotel again to-morrow afternoon and evening.

A 16-year-old Portuguese lad named B. Silva, the adopted son of Mr. D. J. Santos of Blue Buildings, was last night arrested by the Police, with two others, on the Canton wharf, whilst boarding a steamer. He was wanted for the alleged theft of £218, the property of his adopted father, who made a report to the Police of the disappearance of the money. Suspicion was directed on the boy because he absconded from the house about the same time as the money was missed. The lad will be brought before the Magistrate in due time.

MOTORISTS WHO INJURE.

AND PASS ON.

Yesterday the *China Mail* reported that a Chinese had been knocked down by a motor cycle and side car, getting his legs broken. We mentioned that the driver never stopped. The Police are looking for this person, who, according to witnesses of the accident, is a European and carried two European lady passengers, one in the side car and another on the carrier seat. How despicable, how cowardly, to drive on like that. With regard to the "accident" it may be stated that the nephew of the man who was injured admits that the driver sounded his siren several times, but his uncle is very deaf. The police inform us that this is becoming very frequent. It is surprising that the ladies allowed the driver to go on after the accident had occurred. It would have been more to their credit if they had persisted in stopping and had seen that the police were informed. Unfortunately at present there seem to be small hopes that the offenders will be traced. This kind of thing must be stopped, and an example will be made of the next caught. Within the last fortnight the police have received information of three such incidents. In the other two cases the offenders were drivers of motor cars. The practice of knocking down a man and then driving away can only be condemned as heartless and cowardly. It is heartless because no thought is given to the victim lying on the road in his agony. It is cowardly because consequences of an action are shirked. To save "any trouble with the Police" a human being is left to suffer. All right minded people will wish the Police success in their efforts to trace the present offenders. Their behaviour constitutes a disgrace to the European community of this Colony. What must have been the thoughts of the Chinese who witnessed the affair? Certainly they would not be complimentary to the white population. If the driver of that motor cycle has a spark of manliness he will come forward and give the police the desired information. If he won't do it then it's up to his passengers. To motorists generally, on behalf of the public, the *China Mail* would ask that they will have the common decency to see that in the case of an accident everything is done for the victim. That is not asking anything extraordinary; it is simply the observation of the dictates of humanity.

INTERESTING CARGO.

The P. and O. s.s. "Novara" (Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Ltd., Agents), which sailed from Hongkong on May 27, took the following cargo:—

For London:—94 bales of waste silk; 1 case of lacquer ware; 181 cases of Chinaware; 50 bales of raw silk; 3 cases of silks; 5 cases of joss sticks; 664 bales of canes; 270 cases of cane pins; 139 bales of rattan core; 70 bales of rattan peel; 192 packages of tops, bottoms, iron hoops and staves of empty hogheads; 5 b'nds containing 1,000 empty beer bottles; 2 cases of ebony chair; 200 flasks of quicksilver.

For Gibraltar:—1 case of silk goods and ivory ware; and 3 cases of pongee silk.

For Lyons:—145 bales of raw silk; 105 bales of waste silk; 48 bales of pierced cocoons; 10 cases of lantern ware; 57 cases of Chinaware; 154 rolls of mats; 30 cases of cantharides; 140 bales of canes; 500 slabs of tin; and 20 cases of human hair.

\$3,500,000 A DAY.

COST OF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT.

The cost of running the United States Government is \$3,500,000 daily on the basis of the normal rate of exchange, according to figures made public by the Treasury Department recently. These are arrived at from a study of the total cost of government for the first nine months of the fiscal year ending on June 30.

The total cost of the year's administration is estimated to be \$1,350,000,000, which does not include the \$200,000,000 estimated for the payment of soldiers' bonuses. The principal spending Departments are those of War and the Navy and the Shipping Board and railway administration.

NOW IS THE TIME.

FOR RHEUMATISM you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Now is the time to get rid of it. Try this liniment and see how quickly it will relieve the pain and soreness. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

CORRESPONDENCE.

OUR UNIVERSITY.

[To the Editor of the *China Mail*.]

The students of the University have been accused of disloyalty, of having attempted to destroy the institution, of which they are members. Nothing can be more unjust and the injustice is the more startling when the learned Professor Middleton Smith quotes Mr. Fuller in his article in last Saturday's paper. "If you do not like the country, you can leave it." May we then venture to ask Professor Smith whether this quotation is intended to be a mere assertion of the rights of the students or as a hint to them?

We dare not quarrel with Professor Smith's profound knowledge of parliamentary dealings; but we are inclined to think that he has missed much that is finest in modern democracy. True, if a subject of one country prefers another to his own, he has, under most systems of law, an indisputable right of expatriation. But is it not also true that if the people do not like the prevailing form of government, they may change it and may do this even by revolutions—and we have the Revolution of 1688. Modern party Government implies at least the existence of two parties. Now, suppose Professor Smith is made the Prime Minister of the British Cabinet and suppose his policy is severely criticised by the Opposition, shall he go to that party and say, if you do not like this, you can leave the country? Suppose again we do not like this world with its evils and ills, are we also going to leave it immediately? Or we suppose Professor Smith would rather ask us to trust to his engineering to put it right?

The students have every right to say what they think of their university; and this either before the Commission or before the public. They constitute the University, and its interests are theirs. Now when their voice is first heard, they are led to understand that an alternative is given them, either to remain and be quiet or to leave if they have anything to say. Will not the public be startled? Even if the allegations be unfounded, facts will establish themselves with time. Even if the students may have misconceived the University authorities, yet there remains the unerring judge—the public.

The institution of a university is a contract, between the university authorities on the one hand and the students with their parents or guardians on the other. We say it is a contract, a contract not in the legal sense but enforced by public opinion. And public opinion can have no better evidence than from the opinion of the students themselves. Parents send their children to the University on the understanding that they are to receive there the best that is known and thought in the world, that the professors there know what they profess to teach and do not profess to know what they do not know. And if they fail to realise their expectations there they can at once leave it. But immediately they are going to leave it, "Why?" Parents will ask, "Why don't you like the University, and if so, for what reasons?" Public opinion will ask, "Why is the University not good enough?"

And yet the students, whilst merely voicing their opinion, have been accused of disloyalty to the University, of trying to destroy it. We do not, of course, defend those who make allegations founded upon misconception of facts, but at the same time we will not tolerate an open insult to the students. Further we are told by the learned professor that a University student must not think that literature is above morality. But we hope that it is dear to that professor that no immoral letters can be called literature, that no literature consists of the best concepts in morality.

We are indeed glad to hear that Professor Smith himself admits the blunt language used in Mr. Fuller's statement referred to above. But is it not a pity that a sharp Professor should have used the blunt language of another in order to convince the blunt students of the University?—Yours etc., etc.

OPINION.

CROUP.

THIS disease is so dangerous and so rapid in its development that every mother of young children should be prepared for it. It is very risky to wait until the attack of croup appears and then send for medicine and let the child suffer until it can be obtained. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is prompt and effective and has never been known to fail in any case. Always have a bottle in the home. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

Received new shipments

LAMB, MUTTON, BEEF, RABBITS, HARES, &c. &c. from Australia.

KIPPERS, FINNAN HADDOCKS, FILLET HADDOCKS, direct from the Scottish Fisheries.

HAM 60 cents per lb.
BACON IN RASHERS 60 " "

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

"Keepkool" Underwear

FOR MEN.

THE NEW IDEA IN SUMMER UNDERWEAR.

"The Only Elastic Ribbed Porous Underwear."

WITH the advance of civilization the question of dress ever becomes a matter of greater importance. Particularly in tropical climates any article of dress that tends to mitigate the suffering caused by extreme heat is sure to find a cord reception.

Discriminating people everywhere have been educated to know that underwear is the article of apparel that really requires the greatest care in its selection. The ideal underwear for hot weather must be light in weight, durable, absorbent and elastic. For these reasons the porous principle in underwear is the solution of the hot-weather problem. The pores in the fabric are in reality little cells that permit the air to circulate between the outer clothing and the skin. These little chambers allow the heat from the body to evaporate before it has a chance to condense and form perspiration, thus keeping the body dry and cool.

Underwear however, must be more than porous to be comfortable; it must be elastic. Elasticity is of prime importance as it allows the garment to give full play to the movements of the body and prevents it from chafing and binding. Keepkool underwear is the only brand that fulfils all of these necessary conditions. It is porous for coolness, elastic for comfort, lock-stitched for durability, and absorbent for health. No other brand selling at popular prices contains all of these necessary features.

VESTS with Short Sleeve \$2.50 each
Size 32 to 44 inch.

KNEE DRAWERS \$2.50 each
Size 34 to 44 inch.

The NEW STYLE one Button Combination \$4.75 each
Size 32 to 42 inch.

CALL IN AND EXAMINE THE GOODS.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

20, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong.

SWIMMING

OUTFITS

CAPS COSTUMES

Swimming Wings and Shoes.



THE SINCERE CO., LTD.

"HONGKONG EMPORIUM"

DALTON

ADDING, LISTING AND CALCULATING

MACHINE

MUSTARD & CO.

Tel. No. 1186.

TO SHOOT FALLS IN A BARREL.

NIAGARA LURES BOLD BRISTOL BARBER.

Mr. Charles George Stephens, a Bristol hairdresser, is making arrangements to try and shoot the Niagara Falls in a barrel. He has booked his passage from Liverpool for Quebec on June 18 and intends to make the attempt at the end of June or early in July.

The barrel is being made to Mr. Stephens's specification by Messrs. David Roberts and Son, the coopers of Tottenham, Mr. Stephens, who is 56 years of age, and married, is 5ft. 9in. in height, and the barrel will be 6ft. 2in. high, and its diameter at the top and bottom will be 26 inches, and in the middle 32 inches. It is to be fitted with special appliances at a cost of £24.

STRAPPED INSIDE.

Inside the barrel Mr. Stephens will be secured by straps, and the barrel is to be weighted at the bottom with a 100 lb weight, to keep it upright in the water. Excluding this weight, the barrel will weigh about 24 cwt. Special breathing apparatus is being fitted by Messrs. Siebe, Gorman and Co., Ltd., of London, the submarine engineers, under the direction of Professor Leonard Hill, F.R.S., of Loughborough. Before taking the barrel to Canada Mr. Stephens proposed to test it when he visits London. While in London, too, he is anxious to make a parachute descent from an aeroplane.

Mr. Stephens denies that he is attempting the feat for a wager. He hopes, however, that cinematograph rights will bring him more than his expenses. He has decided that if he is successful he will present the barrel to the Bristol Museum.

The intrepid barber has already performed a number of sensational feats, including the following: Kissing a lion in its den, shaving customers in a lion's den, boxing in a lion's den, parachute descents from balloons. For these he proudly boasts three ribbons, five gold medals and six silver medals.

SCENE OF PERILOUS DEEDS.

Niagara is the scene of perilous feats. Captain Webb came to a terrible end when attempting to swim across the rapids in 1883. Three years later William J. Kendall, wearing a cork vest, managed to struggle through with his life.

After this came the "barrel craze," which was started by an Englishman who negotiated the rapids in a 7ft. barrel shaped like a boy in 1886, and again in 1887. Two years later Mr. Graham shot the rapids in a barrel, and repeated the feat in 1901. On this occasion a woman, Miss Maud Willard, attempted the feat.

PRINCE OF WALES.

THE TOUR IN INDIA.

Calcutta, May 1st.—The Englishman learns that the Committee which has been appointed to draw up a scheme for the tour of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales in India has received certain suggestions from Home on the subject, and has already adopted a rough provisional programme. The Prince will arrive in Bombay on the 20th December, and after receiving an address from the Corporation will go straight on to Delhi, where the chief function will be the laying of the foundation-stone of the Imperial Council House. He will then pay a visit to an Indian State, after which he will come to Calcutta.

The Prince is expected to arrive in Calcutta on the 17th January, 1921, and will not be here for more than a few days. The public functions at which he will be present will, therefore, be very few in number. They will include, however, the public arrival and the address by the Calcutta Corporation, the visit to the races, the opening of the Victoria Memorial and either a ball or a levee. It is still an open question whether there are to be any big reviews, but the Prince would undoubtedly like to see something of the Indian Army.

It has not been definitely decided whether the Prince is to visit Burma or not, but in any case the remaining two months of the tour are to be mainly devoted to sport and to travel in such parts of India as will illustrate the amazing diversity of the physical characteristics and races of this country.

The Prince's tour will largely modify the Viceroy's own plans for the winter. His Excellency may accompany the prince to Calcutta, but in any case he cannot be here, as has been the rule, during the Christmas week.

venture at the same time, but her barrel was sucked under, and when it was dragged ashore three hours later the girl was found to be terribly injured, and she died almost immediately. A month afterwards another woman made the attempt, and succeeded.

In 1911 a man named Bobby Leach, 69 years of age, "leaped" the Falls in a barrel of steel. He had several times braved the rapids, but reserved the falls for his last feat of the kind. He was an Englishman. "No more Niagara," was his first exclamation on emerging from his barrel.

Crossings of the rapids by boats have been made by Captain Nissen, who got over in a vessel named "The Fool Killer." Later he made another crossing in a small steamer. Blondin's feat on the tight rope is still remembered.

BANKS.

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION HONGKONG.

We handle all financial transactions incident to Foreign Trade.

Current Accounts kept in Gold Dollars, Sterling and Local Currency.

We are to put Importers in touch with American Manufacturers and Exporters, through the use of the Special facilities of the Foreign Trade Bureau of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, which are placed at our disposal.

HEAD OFFICE:
NEW YORK

OTHER BRANCHES:

SHANGHAI PEKING HANKOW MANILA TIENTSIN CANTON CHANGSHA

HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

HONGKONG, 1st JUNE, 1920

OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS.

11 A.M.

Bank of China 4 1/4 T.T.

Hongkong Bank 4 1/4 T.T.

Manila 4 1/4 T.T.

Canton 4 1/4 T.T.

North China 4 1/4 T.T.

Union 4 1/4 T.T.

Yangtze 4 1/4 T.T.

Far Eastern 4 1/4 T.T.

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THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL BANK, LTD.

Head Office: 6 Des Voeux Road, Central.

Hankow Branch: Standard Commercial.

DOMESTIC & FOREIGN BANKING.

SERVICE PROMPT.

Current Savings and Fixed Deposits

bear interest at Rates 3%, 4%, 5%,

respectively.

Inquiry on our SPECIAL SERVICE

will be welcomed.

J. CHANG LY, Manager.

Hongkong, July 7, 1919.

THE CHINESE MERCHANTS BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:

Alexandra Buildings, Charter Road.

General Banking and Exchange business

transacted.

Loans granted on approved securities.

Current Accounts opened and Fixed

Deposits received at rates which may be

ascertained on application.

The Bank also conducts a Savings

Department.

CHONG TOY, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, January 3, 1920.

THE CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN

AND MORTGAGE CO., LTD.

(Capital Paid up = \$1,250,000.)

Loans on Mortgage of Home Property, etc.

Loans made on the Security of Shares.

Loans made on the Security of Shares.

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BANKS.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL: \$15,000,000

RESERVE FUND: \$2,500,000

SILVER: \$15,000,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF: \$15,000,000

PROFITABLE: \$15,000,000

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ACTING MANAGER:

Shanghai: G. H. STITT, Esq.

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